



## 2025 RSBG Fall Plant Catalog

The RSBG is pleased to announce the return of [online ordering](#) and our latest selection of *Rhododendron* species, hybrids and companion plants. We provide the finest and largest selection of documented and verified as true to name clones of *Rhododendron* species in North America. We also offer a large selection of species grown from seed, the majority of these from wild populations. Seedlings provide an exciting opportunity to acquire taxa new to cultivation and to grow those desirable species that are not readily produced through asexual propagation. Our ever-expanding collection of non-rhododendrons or “companion plants” provides the opportunity to acquire an outstanding range of rare and hard to find treasures selected from around the world.

Your purchases directly fund the mission of the Rhododendron Species Foundation (RSF). We hope you enjoy the catalog and are happy with the plants you receive.

Thank you for your support!

Steve Hootman, Executive Director of Horticulture & Curator

### Please Note Changes for International Orders:

Shipment to Canada: Plants may be shipped to Victoria International Airport via [Seawings Express](#). Plants must be picked up by the customer from Victoria International Airport. Please see below for details.

Canadian order pick-up at the garden is scheduled on **November 8** from **11:00 am to noon**. During this time, we will have a WSDA inspector on-site to issue a phytosanitary certificate for your order and the additional plants you might purchase from the sales area. All international orders must be placed via mail, fax, or e-mail.

### How to Order Plants:

**Online Ordering:** Visit <https://rhodygarden.org/plant-catalog/> to shop and pay for your order on our website. You will be charged for your plants and shipping (if applicable) when you submit your order. Online orders must be placed at least three business days before the desired shipping date.

**Mail Orders:** Please mail your order form to RSF, P.O. Box 3798, Federal Way, Washington 98063-3798 USA.

**Fax Orders:** You may also fax your order form to 253-838-4686. Please include your credit card information on the order form if sent via fax.

**E-mail Orders:** You may submit your completed order form via [orders@rhodygarden.org](mailto:orders@rhodygarden.org) but please do not e-mail your credit card information. Call 253-838-4646 to submit your credit card information.

**How to Change Your Order:** If you would like to change or cancel your order, please email us at [Orders@RhodyGarden.org](mailto:Orders@RhodyGarden.org) at least 3 business days before the scheduled shipping date.

**Order Minimum:** There is a \$50 order minimum to ship plants.  
There is no minimum purchase requirement for plant pick up.

## How to Order Plants:

**Members:** Members get more! See below for plant ordering perks. Not a member yet? [Join online!](#)

- Members are given early access to the catalog, meaning that they are more likely to receive all the plants that they order. This benefit applies to our biannual catalogs (Associate Membership is not eligible for early access to the catalog).
- **Member Catalog Benefits:**
  - Benefactor & Sustaining Level: Receives access to the catalog the first week it opens, AND a 10% discount at checkout (coupon code required).
  - Supporting Level: Receives access the second week and a 10% discount at checkout (coupon code required).
  - Individual, Dual & Family: Receives access to the catalog the second week.

**Not-Yet-Members:**

- Not-Yet-Members will receive access to the catalog after the early Member release.

## Key Dates

**Catalog Opens to Upper-Level Members (Sustaining and Benefactor):** Wednesday, September 3

**Catalog Opens to All Members:** Wednesday, September 10

**Catalog Opens to Everyone:** Wednesday, September 17

**Plant Shipping Dates (Domestic):** 9/29 (*Member orders only*), 10/6, 10/13, 10/20, 10/27, and 11/3

**Plant Shipping Date (International):** Monday, November 10

**Plant Pick Up Dates:** 9/27 and 9/28 (*Member orders only*), 10/11 and 10/12, 10/25 and 10/26, and 11/8 and 11/9

**Canadian Pick Up Date:** Saturday, November 8 (WSDA Inspector onsite 11am-noon)

**Deadline for International Orders:** Wednesday, October 29

**Deadline for Domestic Orders:** Wednesday, October 29

## Plant Pick-Up

Plant pick-up is available as an alternative to shipping. Customer must choose one of seven pick-up dates during the checkout process of online ordering OR note the pick-up date of their choice on their paper order form.

**Plant Pick Up Dates:** 9/27 and 9/28 (*Member orders only*), 10/11 and 10/12, 10/25 and 10/26, and 11/8 and 11/9

**Canadian Pick Up Date:** Saturday, November 8 (WSDA Inspector onsite 11am-noon)

Plants must be picked up between the hours of 10am and 4pm. Plant orders will be located by the Visitor Center on our plant holding tables. The Visitor Center attendant will assist you with pick-up.

## Shipping and Payment

**All orders will receive a confirmation of receipt.**

**Online Orders** – All online customers are required to pay for their plants and shipping (if applicable) at the time that the order is placed. We accept major credit cards through our secure online store. Online orders must be placed at least three business days before the desired shipping date.

**Paper/Fax/Emailed Orders** - Customers are required to provide their credit card information at the time that an order is submitted. Please call our office at 253-838-4646 to provide your credit card information (or include your credit card information on your mailed or faxed form). We accept MasterCard and Visa bankcards. Payment information must be provided for your order to be processed. You will not be charged for your order until it is shipped or picked up in person.

A receipt will be included with your plants. The receipt will show the plant subtotal, plus shipping and handling charges. For shipments within Washington State, sales tax will be added to the plant subtotal and shipping cost.

## Shipping to Canada via Seawings Express

For customers able to pick up their plants at the Victoria International Airport:

We have had many requests to ship plants to Canada in the past, but we have not been able to do so due to the difficulty in customs and the extremely high shipping costs. However, we may have a possible solution to this problem—the use of a broker. Please note that this service is only possible for customers able to pick up their order at Victoria International Airport.

Seawings Express is a company that specializes in cross-border shipping. They have an office in Blaine, Washington, as well as their main office in Victoria International Airport. Here is what we will do if you wish to order plants from us:

- Place your order using the order form on our website. We cannot accept orders through our online store as it is not set up for international shipping. **Be sure to let us know on your order form that you would like to use Seawings Express.**
- Contact [Seawings Express](https://www.seawings.ca/) (visit <https://www.seawings.ca/> for specific instructions) prior to the shipping date to let them know that your package is coming. This contact information is crucial since they will reach out to you as soon as your package arrives at customs at the Victoria International Airport. The cost for their service is explained on their website; Seawings Express will charge you separately for the shipment of plants to Victoria International Airport. Please note:
  - As the customer, you are responsible for working with Seawings to ensure that the package is sent from Blaine to Victoria International Airport, and you are required to maintain communication with Seawings Express about pick up.
  - Seawings Express will not re-pack the package.
  - We will put the phytosanitary certificate on the outside of the box so it will be accessible at the time of the pick-up
  - They will not ship the package to your home. It must be picked up in person at the Victoria International Airport.

- On **November 10**, we will ship your order to Seawings Express in Blaine, WA. They will export the package to Canada Customs in Victoria International Airport. On the day of the shipping, we will send you an invoice via e-mail since this will be required at the time of the pick-up. We will charge your credit card on this day as well. Below is what will be charged.
  - Phytosanitary certificate \$40
  - Shipping and Handling fee to Blaine, WA
  - Total cost of the plants you ordered
- Once you hear from Seawings Express that your package has arrived, head to the Seawings office at the Victoria International Airport (location can be found at <https://www.seawings.ca/>). Be sure to bring a copy of your invoice. You will receive the Bill of Landing slip and the phytosanitary certificate (Be sure to ask for this, most customers do not require this so they may forget to give this to you) from the Seawings office first, then head to customs. At customs, you will pay GST and PST (on plant cost only).

We will not take responsibility once the package leaves our nursery, unless there is a problem with shipping to Blaine, WA.

**Please note that *Pleione* and *Vaccinium* are not allowed to be shipped to Canada.** If you have any questions, please contact Atsuko at [atsuko@rhodygarden.org](mailto:atsuko@rhodygarden.org). Thank you for supporting the RSBG.

## The Plants

You may order as many as desired of each selection. All plants are healthy and generally two to three years old in a standard one-gallon container, excluding those with a B following the price (\$8.00-B for example). These selections are generally one or two years old from a cutting or seed in a three-inch square pot, six inches deep (a "Band pot") and priced lower accordingly.

Other than the seedlings, our plants are vegetatively propagated from verified species growing in our collection. They are usually 2-4 years old and growing on their own roots unless otherwise indicated. Seedlings cannot be guaranteed to be always correctly named but every effort is made to provide the proper identification.

**Alternates:** We will not substitute plants without your authorization. Please list your alternate selections on the order form if you will accept substitutions.

## Guarantee

Plants are guaranteed to be in good health when shipped and true to name; however, the authenticity of seedlings from wild collected sources cannot be guaranteed.

Packing and shipping may damage tender shoots. ***We are not responsible for damage in transit. In the event of breakage or loss, please enter claims with the carrier and notify us immediately. If you are not satisfied with your plants for any reason, please call or fax the RSF office WITHIN THREE (3) DAYS OF RECEIVING YOUR ORDER. We want you to be happy with your Rhododendron Species Botanical Garden ordering experience.***

## Understanding the Descriptions

All plants have been propagated and grown at the Rhododendron Species Botanical Garden, either from cuttings, grafts or seed. The format used in the descriptions is as follows:

**Species name**—in large italic type. Some species names may be followed by “affinity”. This means that this particular accession or seedlot shows an obvious relationship to the species listed but does not quite fit the description.

**Species description**—may include size, flower color, habit, geographic distribution in the wild, etc.

**Cultural Information**—*A set of three numbers enclosed within parentheses. The first is the hardiness rating in Fahrenheit degrees. This gives an approximation of the lowest temperature the plant can withstand without substantial damage. (See hardiness note below.) The second number R1, R2 or R3, is the ease of cultivation rating. This is a system developed here at the RSBG to provide the average gardener with a quick and easy method of selecting the appropriate plant material.*

**R1**—easy and reliable using standard methods of cultivation

**R2**—easy if certain specific cultural requirements are met; these are usually given in the general description (“sharp drainage” or “requires shade” for example)

**R3**—can be difficult even for the experienced grower

The *third number* is the approximate *height in ten years from a two-year old plant*. This is estimated using the average rate of growth for that particular clone (or species) under typical garden conditions.

**A Note on Hardiness**—Average annual minimum temperature is generally accepted as the key factor in determining the hardiness of a plant, but there are other important factors such as moisture levels, age of the specimen, health, exposure, snow cover and soils. Thus, the minimum temperature given for an accession should be used only as a rough guideline to whether or not it will thrive in a given locale. Many of the minimum temperatures given are estimations based on data available in the literature (often from Great Britain) and our own observations here at the garden. We would like to be able to provide a more accurate hardiness rating for each species and individual clone. You can help by providing us with any information on cold and/or heat damage and tolerance observed in your climate and under your various growing conditions.

**Accession (clonal) or seedlot number**—this is designated either with the accession number in boldface (for clonally propagated material) — **1964/012** for example; or with a seedlot number in boldface (for seedlings) — **351sd2003** for example.

**Price**—Price per plant, in U.S. dollars. Note that a “B” following the dollar amount indicates a band pot (3-inch) instead of our standard one-gallon container.

## Key to Icons



Adaptable & Easy



Fall Color



New



Fragrant



Steve's Picks



## DWARF AND SMALLER-GROWING SPECIES



\_\_\_ ***aqanniphum* var. *aqanniphum*** Compact to eventually quite large evergreen shrubs, remaining much smaller in cultivation. A variable, widespread and common species in the wild. The attractive foliage is covered with a pale spongy indumentum beneath. The flowers (mid-spring) are borne in a dense rounded inflorescence and vary in color from white to rose or deep pink, typically with numerous reddish spots. Rare in cultivation but a choice collector's species. Best in light shade with excellent drainage. From wild collected seed. (-10\R3\3) RSBG#159sd2019 \$21.00


\_\_\_ ***amundsenianum*** CDHM#14560 A newly introduced species known from only a handful of locations in the wild. This is a member of Subsection Lapponica and has similar features to the well-known species in that group (*russatum*, *rupicola*, etc.). Relatively large leaves for this group and densely covered with dark brown scales beneath. A few flowers have already appeared on these young plants and they are also relatively large and mostly a good blue-purple. From seed collected in the wild. Best in bright light with excellent drainage although plants I observed in the wild were (temporarily at least) partially submerged in an alpine lake! (-10\R2\2) RSBG#281sd2013 \$24.00-B

\_\_\_ ***augustinii* ssp. *rubrum* (syn: *bergii*)** JN#290 A much lower-growing and more compact version of *augustinii* with red-purple flowers much earlier in the blooming season. Rarely offered but easily grown in sun or light shade. Cutting-grown plants from a plant grown from wild collected seed. (-5\R1\3) RSBG#2000/008 \$32.00

\_\_\_ ***baileyi*** A rare and unusual species with attractively brown-scaly foliage and stunning deep red-purple flowers in late spring. A rarely offered alpine species from the high Himalaya. Excellent drainage required. (0\R2\4) RSBG#1975/035 \$29.00


\_\_\_ ***benhallii* (formerly *Menziesia ciliicalyx*) 'Honshu Blue'** Our own named selection of this slow-growing and choice, compact deciduous shrub with a somewhat horizontally branched and rounded habit. The foliage of this selection is bright blue-green and colors attractively in the autumn. The exquisite pale rose-pink flowers (mid-spring) are small and bell-shaped, hanging in clusters and covered with a glaucous "bloom" (like a plum). Perfect in a woodland garden but also quite successful in full sun if well-watered. Native to Japan. Our best "blue-leaved" form of this variable species. (-5\R1\3) RSBG \$33.00-B  


\_\_\_ ***benhallii* (formerly *Menziesia ciliicalyx*) "Select blue"** This is a sister seedling to our own selection 'Honshu Blue' and is virtually indistinguishable from that outstanding clone. This is a slow-growing and choice, compact deciduous shrub with a somewhat horizontally branched and rounded habit. The foliage of this selection is bright blue-green and colors attractively in the autumn. The exquisite pale rose-pink flowers (mid-spring) are small and bell-shaped, hanging in clusters and covered with a glaucous "bloom" (like a plum). Perfect in a woodland garden but also quite successful in full sun if well-watered. Native to Japan. (-5\R1\3) RSBG \$29.00-B  

\_\_\_ ***calostrotum* ssp. *calostrotum*** Dwarf mounding shrubs with small glaucous blue-green leaves. The flat-faced flowers are rose-crimson with darker crimson spots on the upper lobes in mid-spring. Easy in sun or light shade and an excellent rock garden plant. The flowers and new foliage provide a striking color combination. One of the finest of the dwarf species. (-5\R1\1.5) RSBG#1966/573 \$17.00-B 

\_\_\_ ***calostrotum* ssp. *keleticum*** An excellent dwarf species with a prostrate but mounding habit and dark green glossy leaves with upright and flat-faced dark rose-purple flowers in late spring. Perfect in the rock garden, best in sun with excellent drainage. Basically, this is the mounding form of what has long been called "*R. radicans*". (-10\R1\1) RSBG \$16.00-B

\_\_\_ ***calostrotum* ssp. *keleticum*** CCHH#8175 An excellent dwarf species with a prostrate but mounding habit and dark green glossy leaves with upright and flat-faced dark rose-purple flowers in late spring. Perfect in the rock garden, best in sun with excellent drainage. Basically, this is the mounding form of what has long been called "*R. radicans*". This clone grown from seed collected in the wild. (-10\R1\1) RSBG#2005/197 \$22.00

\_\_\_ ***calostrotum* ssp. *riparium* (Calciphilum Group)** A famous plant with a relatively upright but bushy growth habit, very small, bright blue-green leaves and pink flowers in late spring. A very distinct form of this variable species that is best grown in a sunny position or light shade with good drainage. Known only from northern Myanmar. (-10\R1\2) RSBG#1969/779 \$16.00-B 

\_\_\_ ***calostrotum* ssp. *riparium*** GR#1412 A variable subspecies of this incredibly variable species. This subspecies represents the western end of the range of this widespread species and is variable in both flower color and foliage shape/color but generally with pinkish-purple flowers. Best in sun or light shade with good drainage. These are grown from seed collected in the wild. (-10\R1\2) RSBG#125sd2014 \$16.00-B 

\_\_\_ ***campylogynum* 'Leucanthum'** Dwarf evergreen alpine shrubs typically with a dense mounding habit and attractive glossy and fragrant foliage. The "thimble-shaped" flowers (late spring to early summer) are pink to salmon-pink, red, claret, purple, plum to almost black-purple, or cream. A fantastic specimen plant for the rock garden or in light shade, also nice in a container or as a mass groundcover planting. This is the Award of Merit clone with white flowers. Our first offering in twenty years. (-5\R2\1) RSBG#1974/063 \$24.00-B



\_\_\_ ***campylogynum* (Charopoeum Group)** Dwarf evergreen alpine shrubs typically with a dense mounding habit. The flowers (late spring) are pink to salmon-pink, red, claret, purple, plum to almost black-purple, or cream. A fantastic specimen plant for the rock garden or in light shade, also nice in a container or as a mass groundcover planting. This clone has dusky pink flowers with darker flecks. Charopoeum Group has the largest flowers within the species. (-5\R2\1) RSBG#1974/062 \$23.00-B

\_\_\_ ***campylogynum*** Dwarf evergreen alpine shrubs typically with a dense mounding habit and attractive glossy and fragrant foliage. The "thimble-shaped" flowers (late spring to early summer) are pink to salmon-pink, red, claret, purple, plum to almost black-purple, or cream. A fantastic specimen plant for the rock or woodland garden, also nice in a container or as a mass groundcover planting. This clone forms a dense and compact mound with very small leaves and small, glaucous, rose flowers. A beautiful selection, one of the finest that I have seen. (-5\R2\1) RSBG#1970/321 \$21.00-B



\_\_\_ ***chamaethomsonii* var. *chamaethomsonii*** A dwarf mounding shrub with small, rounded, dark shiny green leaves and scarlet bell-shaped flowers in mid-spring. Forms a beautiful mounding shrublet, perfect for a rock garden. Requires excellent drainage and bright light. This form, with large red flowers, is the winner of a prestigious First Class Certificate from the Royal Horticultural Society. (-5\R2\1) RSBG#1994/395 \$19.00-B



\_\_\_ ***changii* JN#11029** A very recently introduced species. This is a relatively hardy and dwarf *Maddenia* with yellow flowers and beautiful foliage. It is a close relative of the more familiar *R. valentinianum* and the also recently introduced *R. valentinioides* but from a completely different region and with a very distinct appearance. As seen in the wild, this is a fairly compact shrub with smooth and peeling reddish-brown bark and smooth and glossy leaves to about 1.5 inches in length. These have a prominent ciliate margin and are quite attractive. The funnel-shaped flowers appear in clusters of three to four and range from a pale to deep yellow. Found growing with the rhododendrons *platypodum*, *ochraceum* and *longipes* and so should be relatively hardy. (0?\R1\2) RSBG#240sd2012 \$29.00



\_\_\_ ***charitopes* ssp. *tsangpoense*** Dwarf and mounding shrubs with glossy dark green leaves covered with a white coating of wax beneath. Smooth and peeling, red-brown bark and delicate purplish flowers in mid-spring. Best in light shade, a choice dwarf shrub with beautiful flowers, foliage and bark. (0\R1\3) RSBG#1973/286 Large plants for \$27.00

\_\_\_ ***cinnabarinum* ssp. *xanthocodon* (Concatenans Group)** Similar to ssp. *cinnabarinum* but with shorter, more bell-shaped flowers and broader leaves with scales on the upper surface. The flowers of ssp. *xanthocodon* range in color from apricot, orange, vermilion and yellow, to red-purple or plum-purple and appear in mid- to late spring. Plants formerly known as *concatenans* are usually lower-growing and more compact than other forms of *cinnabarinum*. These are grown from hand-pollinated seed produced here in the garden from the form known as "L&S pink *concatenans*". Glauous blue-green leaves. (0\R1\4) RSBG#264sd2010 \$32.00

\_\_\_ ***cinnabarinum* ssp. *xanthocodon* (Concatenans Group)** Beautiful blue-green and fragrant foliage on mounding, dome-shaped plant. The flowers of Concatenans Group range from apricot to chrome yellow. These flaring bell-shaped trumpets contrast perfectly with the bluish foliage in mid-spring. A very ornamental plant with striking flowers and a compact, bushy habit. Best in light shade. (0\R1\3) RSBG#1973/068 \$19.00-B

\_\_\_ ***collettianum* Wendlebo#8975** A rare alpine species with gray-green fragrant foliage and smooth cream-colored bark. A relative of *anthopogon* and *cephalanthum* but with larger leaves and flowers. The white daphne-like flowers appear in late spring. Requires excellent drainage in a bright position. Native to the Afghanistan/Pakistan border. (0\R2\2) RSBG#1977/710 Large plants for \$42.00

\_\_\_ ***degronianum* ssp. *heptamerum* var. *kyomaruense*** These are seedlings grown from seed collected wild in Japan. Beautiful foliage which is covered with a thin but quite bright white indumentum when it first emerges. A larger-leaved form of this variable species. (-15\R1\4) RSBG#242sd2008 Large plants for \$29.00



\_\_\_ ***degronianum* ssp. *yakushmanum* 'Koichiro Wada'** A superb all-around plant with attractive foliage and a compact habit. One of the finest forms of this always ornamental species. The rose buds open to pale pink flowers fading to pure white. Easy to grow, with year-round ornamental appeal. Tolerant of sun or shade and relatively heat and cold tolerant. (-15\R1\3) RSBG#1964/012 \$24.00





\_\_\_ ***degronianum* ssp. *yakushmanum* 'Baron Lionel'** A superb all-around plant with attractive foliage and a compact habit. This is a named form that I can find very little information about. Easy to grow with year-round ornamental appeal. Sun or shade. Relatively heat and cold tolerant. (-15\R1\3) RSBG#1982/073 \$24.00



\_\_\_ ***degronianum* ssp. *yakushmanum*** A superb all-around plant with attractive foliage and a compact habit. One of the finest forms of this always ornamental species. The rose buds open to pale pink flowers fading to pure white. Easy to grow, with year-round ornamental appeal. Tolerant of sun or shade and relatively heat and cold tolerant. (-15\R1\3) RSBG#1973/308 \$24.00





\_\_\_ ***dendrocharis*** Cox#5016 A fantastic dwarf species that is very slow-growing and relatively drought tolerant once well established, eventually taking on the shape of a small bonsai tree. Requires excellent drainage and makes a great specimen for a container. Grows as an epiphyte in trees and on cliffs and boulders from 6,000 to 10,500 ft. This selection with glossy green leaves and rose-pink flowers. (0\R1\2) RSBG#1996/004 \$14.00-B 


\_\_\_ ***dendrocharis*** 'Gem' CCH#3915 A fantastic dwarf species that is very slow-growing and relatively drought tolerant once well established, eventually taking on the shape of a small bonsai tree. Requires excellent drainage and makes a great specimen for a container. Grows as an epiphyte in trees and on cliffs and boulders from 6,000 to 10,500 ft. This selection with glossy green leaves and rose-pink flowers. (0\R1\2) RSBG#2013/282 \$16.00-B 


\_\_\_ ***fletcherianum*** Low mounding evergreen shrubs with pale yellow flowers in mid-spring. An excellent foliage plant with attractive red-brown, smooth and peeling bark. The glossy leaves are impressed with a fine pattern of veins and are fringed on their margins with long hairs. One of the hardiest *Maddenia* and the parent of many fine dwarf yellow hybrids. (0\R1\3) RSBG#1968/858 \$16.00-B


\_\_\_ ***forrestii* ssp. *forrestii*** EGM# Typical high elevation, prostrate and creeping form of this classic alpine species. Tiny rounded shiny leaves and large red bell-shaped flowers in early spring. Excellent drainage and a cool position for best results. (-5\R2\6 inches) RSBG \$24.00-B


\_\_\_ ***groenlandicum*** The common and widespread native "*Ledum*" of northern North America. This species is found in bogs and moist forests where it forms a dense dwarfish evergreen shrub with the stems and narrow leaves covered with long red-brown hairs. The small white flowers are borne in dense rounded heads looking like golf balls when in full bloom. Grown from seed collected in the Yukon by Clarice Clark. (-25\R1\3) RSBG#298sd2008 \$16.00 


\_\_\_ ***hippophaeoides*** EV#728 Rounded to somewhat erect-growing evergreen shrubs with small and elliptic, glaucous pale green leaves. Deep lavender-blue to pale lavender or white flowers in small clusters in mid-spring, often re-blooming in the autumn. This is one of the best of the lapponicas for all-around garden use. It grows a bit larger than most of its close relatives but is still dwarf enough for a rock garden or the smaller urban garden. Very floriferous and easily grown, tolerant of moist soils (with drainage), full sun for best results. These are grown from seed collected in the wild. (-10\R1\4) RSBG#215sd2018 \$23.00 


\_\_\_ ***hippophaeoides*** 'Haba Shan' Rounded to somewhat erect-growing evergreen shrubs with small and elliptic, glaucous pale green leaves. Deep lavender-blue flowers in small clusters in mid-spring, often re-blooming in the autumn. This is one of the best of the lapponicas for all-around garden use. It grows a bit larger than most of its close relatives but is still dwarf enough for a rock garden or the smaller urban garden. Very floriferous and easily grown, tolerant of moist soils (with drainage), full sun for best results. (-10\R1\4) RSBG#2013/281 \$24.00 

\_\_\_ ***hippophaeoides*** SSNY#229 'Glendoick Iceberg'<sup>™</sup> Rounded to somewhat erect-growing evergreen shrubs with small and elliptic, glaucous pale green leaves. Pure white flowers in small clusters in mid-spring, often re-blooming in the autumn. This is one of the best of the lapponicas for all-around garden use. It grows a bit larger than most of its close relatives but is still dwarf enough for a rock garden or the smaller urban garden. Very floriferous and easily grown, tolerant of wetter soils (with drainage), full sun best. (-10\R1\4) RSBG#2002/026 \$16.00-B NOTE: This trademarked clone may not be propagated or sold without the permission of Glendoick Gardens, Ltd. 

\_\_\_ ***impeditum*** CCH#8253 Dwarf mounding and compact evergreen shrubs with very small aromatic leaves. These are dark glossy green on the upper surface and covered with brown scales on the lower. The flowers (mid-spring) are violet or purple to lavender. This selected clone has incredibly tiny and narrow leaves. Forms a very slow growing, fantastically textural dwarf mound of dark and glossy foliage. My own collection from the Sino-Himalaya, the true *impeditum*. (-10\R1\2) RSBG#2013/349 \$16.00-B 

\_\_\_ ***keiskei*** 'Yaku Fairy' This famous 1970 Award of Merit form is a dense and prostrate mound with pale yellow flowers in mid-spring. A choice rock garden or container specimen. Easy and hardy in the garden. (-15\R1\1 foot across) RSBG#1974/014 \$23.00 

\_\_\_ ***kuomeianum*** SEH#171 A relatively newly introduced (1995) and just recently named (2021) species. This is a very dwarf and slow-growing plant with obovate smallish, shiny leaves and long funnel-tubular flowers in early spring. These are white with a pink flush and a slight fragrance. Completely new to science and distinct for its compact size and hardiness as a member of subsection *Maddenia*. My first "discovery" of a new species. A great little plant, very distinct and known from only this single collection from its only known native location (northeastern Yunnan). (0\R1\1) RSBG#1997/130 Large plants for \$38.00 

\_\_\_ ***leucaspis*** APA#042A A low and mounding evergreen shrub usually growing wider than high with smooth and peeling red-brown bark. The elliptic, two-inch long leaves are densely covered on the upper surface and margins with bristly hairs and the new growth emerges a bright purple highlighted with silvery hairs. The flowers (early spring) are white with dark brown anthers and shaped like a flattened bell. Requires excellent drainage, but tolerant of sun or shade. These beautiful young plants were grown from seed collected wild in a newly explored region of the eastern Himalaya. Very attractive in all features. (0\R1\2) RSBG#379sd2005 \$25.00 

\_\_\_ ***leucaspis*** A low and mounding evergreen shrub usually growing wider than high with smooth and peeling reddish-brown bark. The elliptic, two-inch long leaves are densely covered on the upper surface and margins with bristly hairs and the new growth emerges a bright purple highlighted with silvery hairs. The flowers (early spring) are white with dark brown anthers and shaped like a flattened bell. Requires

excellent drainage, but tolerant of sun or shade. A selected form from the famous Scottish garden Craae. Very attractive in all features. (+5\R1\2) RSBG#1965/398 \$17.00

\_\_\_ ***levinei*** A fantastic new species in cultivation. This is a relatively smaller-growing member of subsection Maddenia with a compact and mounding habit. It has distinctive small and rounded, shiny and hairy leaves with proportionally quite large flowers in pairs. The pure white flowers are openly funnel-shaped and sweetly fragrant. Quite beautiful as seen in its native habitat, hanging from cliffs and on rocks. I think this is one of the outstanding new introductions of the past several years. (0?\R1\2) RSBG \$16.00-B 🙌 🌹

\_\_\_ ***liliiflorum*** CGG#14066 Erect or mounding evergreen shrubs with striking glossy and peeling reddish-brown bark. The large trumpet-shaped white flowers (early summer) are waxy, long-lasting and fragrant. Although still fairly new to cultivation, this attractive late-season blooming species has great potential for relative hardiness and drought tolerance. Grown from seed collected in the wild in a newly explored region. Rarely offered species, one of the hardiest maddenias. We have had this out in the garden for at least 20 years with no cold damage - I highly recommend this species – **a must have**. (0?\R2\5) RSBG#180sd2010 Large plants in band pots for \$17.00-B 🙌 🌹

\_\_\_ ***luteiflorum*** A dwarf mounding species with smooth and peeling reddish brown bark. The fragrant foliage is dark shiny green above, glaucous white beneath. Bell-shaped pale to deep yellow flowers in early spring. This is a choice species for the woodland garden, very similar to the more familiar *glaucophyllum* and formerly considered a variety of that pinkish-purple-flowered species. Best with excellent drainage and light shade. A personal favorite. (+5\R2\2) RSBG#1964/114 \$15.00-B 🙌

\_\_\_ ***luteiflorum*** KW#21556 A dwarf mounding species with smooth and peeling reddish brown bark. The fragrant foliage is dark shiny green above, glaucous white beneath. Bell-shaped pale to deep yellow flowers in early spring. This is a choice species for the woodland garden, very similar to the more familiar *glaucophyllum* and formerly considered a variety of that pinkish-purple-flowered species. Best with excellent drainage and light shade. A personal favorite, this is a clone from Glendoick which Peter Cox considered the “best and hardiest clone”. (+5\R2\2) RSBG#1999/355 \$29.00 🙌

\_\_\_ ***megeratum*** A great dwarf species with a low mounding habit, flattened bell-shaped flowers and small rounded glossy leaves with a fringe of hairs on their margins. This form is a bit larger-growing than “typical” with larger and less hairy leaves that are a glaucous blue-green. The flowers (mid-spring) are primrose-yellow with orange-yellow flecks. An epiphyte in its native haunts and so requires excellent drainage but quite happy in a container. (0\R2\2) RSBG#1982/158 \$17.00-B 🙌

\_\_\_ ***megeratum*** KCSH#0361 A great dwarf species with a low mounding habit, flattened bell-shaped flowers and small rounded glossy leaves with a fringe of hairs on their margins. The flowers (mid-spring) are primrose-yellow to cream-white, often with orange-yellow flecks. An epiphyte in its native haunts and so requires excellent drainage but quite happy in a container. (0\R2\2) RSBG#2006/423 \$17.00-B 🙌


\_\_\_ ***megeratum*** (“Bodnant form”) A great dwarf species with a low mounding habit, flattened bell-shaped flowers and small rounded glossy leaves fringed with long hairs. This is the famous small-leaved and yellow-flowered form from the fabulous collection at Bodnant in Wales. Excellent in a container. (0\R2\2) RSBG#1965/261 \$16.00-B 🙌


\_\_\_ ***mitriforme*** JN#12376 This is a compact growing species with small and shiny, rounded leaves and masses of small but showy, flat flowers (late spring) ranging in color from white to pale pink or deep rose, often with purple spots. Bright reddish-purple new growth on this incredibly widespread and variable species. Much harder than would be expected based upon its native range in southern China. These are grown from seed collected in the wild. Similar in the garden to its close relative *ovatum*, differing in botanical details. (+5\R1\2) RSBG#334sd2013 \$11.00-B 🙌


\_\_\_ ***mucronulatum*** An outstanding dwarf form of this variable species. This is a selected clone collected by Warren Berg from the top of Cheju Island, Korea. This plant has a dense dwarf habit, small dark green leaves and deep red-purple flowers in early spring. As good as (in my opinion superior to) ‘Crater’s Edge’. Quite tough and adaptable. Very slow-growing and suitable for bonsai with excellent fall color. (-15\R1\2) RSBG#1976/127 \$26.00 🌱 🍂


\_\_\_ ***neoglandulosum*** (syn: *Ledum glandulosum*) WWC#2211 Small and rounded to upright evergreen shrubs with ovate-elliptic leaves. These are smooth and bright green on the lower surface (unlike most species formerly included in the genus *Ledum*). Quite distinct in appearance with small rounded “ball-like” inflorescences of white flowers. Native to various mountainous habitats from British Columbia and Montana south to Wyoming and California. Best in sun in a well-drained but not too dry soil. These are grown from seed collected wild by Asst. Curator Will Clausen in eastern Washington. (-20\R2\3) RSBG#146sd2022 \$19.00 🌹


\_\_\_ ***oblongilobatum*** JN#11080 The first introduction into cultivation of the real *oblongilobatum*. These are grown from seed collected in the wild from the type location for this species in central Yunnan. Originally described as a variety of the *valentinianum* complex (which includes *valentinianum*, *changii*, *valentinioides*, etc.) in subsection Maddenia but the flowers have a sharply deflexed style which places it in subsection Boothia alongside species such as *sulfureum* and *chrysodoron*. Beautiful, rounded and glossy leaves with hairy margins on dwarf plants. Deep yellow flowers in mid-spring. **These are really stunning foliage plants**. (+5\R2\2) RSBG#213sd2012 \$14.00-B 🙌

\_\_\_ ***ovatum* ex. FSE#003** This is a compact growing species with small and shiny, rounded leaves. The flat flowers are white to pale or deep pink, often with purple spots. Bright reddish-purple new growth on this incredibly widespread and variable species. Much hardier than would be expected based upon its native range in southern China and adjacent northern Vietnam. We have a huge old specimen in the garden that blooms reliably every May. I was thrilled to see masses of this species in gorgeous full bloom in the province of Guangxi, China in early April of 2009 - a real highlight of the trip. Larger leaves and flowers on this form. (+5\R1\2) RSBG#119sd2020 Large plants for \$29.00 


\_\_\_ ***parmulatum* 'Ocelot'** An outstanding selection of a rarely grown species. This is a relatively dwarf and compact plant with shiny, somewhat bullate foliage and bell-shaped flowers in mid-spring. The flowers on this 1977 Award of Merit form are cream-yellow and heavily spotted with purple. A very striking flower that always elicits comments from garden visitors. Native to the Tsangpo Gorge Region of SE Tibet. (-5\R2\3) RSBG#1982/047 \$38.00 


\_\_\_ ***pemakoense*** An easy and floriferous dwarf species with glossy deep green small leaves. Early each spring, this compact grower literally covers itself with its large and showy, rose-purple flowers. Best in sun with good drainage. (0\R1\2) RSBG#1970/042 \$17.00 


\_\_\_ ***petrocharis* GUIZ#120** A choice dwarf species that seems to be an intermediate between its close relatives *moupinense* and *dendrocharis*. In habit, foliage and flower it is much smaller than the first and a bit larger than the second. Small and rounded, shiny and hairy leaves. The flowers are very similar to the familiar *moupinense* but a bit smaller – pale pink in this form which is a different clone than we have sold in the past. A stunning dwarf species that requires excellent drainage. (+5\R2\2) RSBG#2013/276 \$16.00-B 


\_\_\_ ***pilosum* (syn: *Menziesia pilosa*) H&J#061** This is a rarely offered or even cultivated deciduous species native to forests and mountain slopes in eastern North America. The former genus *Menziesia* was recently “lumped” into the genus *Rhododendron* based upon DNA studies but the two genera are quite different morphologically – at least floristically. This species features oval leaves that are somewhat hairy with decent fall color if grown in a bright enough location. The small, bell-shaped flowers are in pendant, loose clusters and range in color from greenish-red to yellowish-white, often with a flush of red. Best in sun or light shade. Grown from seed collected wild by RSBG staff in the southern Appalachian Mts. (-15\R1\2) RSBG#151sd2022 \$12.00-B 


\_\_\_ ***proteoides*** Extremely slow-growing and dwarf evergreen shrubs. Like a tiny version of *R. roxieanum* with a thick woolly, reddish brown indumentum on the underside of the leaves. The attractive new growth is heavily indumented on both surfaces. The white to cream flushed rose and spotted flowers typically take years to appear. Forms a round dense mound when well grown and considered by many collectors to be the most choice (and difficult!) dwarf or alpine species. Requires a highly organic but extremely well-drained soil in a cool but bright position for successful cultivation. (-10\R3\8 inches) RSBG \$29.00-B


\_\_\_ ***pruniflorum*** Small compact evergreen shrubs with smooth and peeling dark brown bark. The leaves are whitish on their lower sides with brown scales. The flowers (mid-spring) are dull crimson to plum-purple and shaped like little flattened bells. Best in partially shaded or even woodland conditions. A charming dwarf species rarely seen in cultivation. Glauous purple bells and a very dwarf and compact habit on this fine selection. One of my favorite plants in the garden. (+5\R1\2) RSBG#1975/229 \$23.00-B 

\_\_\_ ***pseudochrysanthum*** An easily grown and very attractive species from the mountains of Taiwan with a dense dwarf mounding habit and beautiful foliage. White flushed pink flowers in mid-spring, hardy and relatively heat tolerant. A beautiful all-around species and great in a container. Silvery new foliage on this compact selection. (-10\R1\2) RSBG#1973/400 \$27.00 

\_\_\_ ***pubescens* 'Fine Bristles' KW#3953** Bushy evergreen shrubs with hairy/bristly leaves and new growth. The leaves are very narrow with strongly recurved margins and are grayish-green in color. The small funnel-shaped flowers (mid-spring) are rose-pink and occur in clusters in the upper leaf axils. A striking foliage plant tolerant of much hotter and drier conditions than most other species once established. (-5\R1\3) RSBG#1970/114 \$29.00 

\_\_\_ ***racemosum* CGG#14035** Compact and small-leaved evergreen shrubs with pale to deep pink flowers (sometimes white) in mid-spring. The attractive foliage is often blue-green on the upper surface with a glaucous white coating on the lower. Grown from seed collected in the wild. Bright red stems and wavy-margined leaves. Easy and tough in sun or light shade and relatively drought tolerant once established. (-5\R1\3) RSBG#272sd2010 \$21.00 

\_\_\_ ***racemosum* JN#11043** Compact and small-leaved evergreen shrubs with pale to deep pink flowers (sometimes white) in mid-spring. The attractive foliage is often blue-green on the upper surface with a glaucous white coating on the lower. Grown from seed collected in the wild. Bright red stems and wavy-margined leaves. Easy and tough in sun or light shade and relatively drought tolerant once established. (-5\R1\3) RSBG#238sd2012 \$12.00-B 

\_\_\_ ***recurvoides* KW#7184** Dwarf and compact rounded shrubs with striking foliage. The narrow leaves are glossy above with a thick yellow-brown indumentum beneath. White flushed pink flowers in early spring – this is the original and only introduction of this species into cultivation. (-5\R2\2) RSBG#1975/056 \$36.00 

\_\_\_ ***roxianum* var. *oreonastes*** This is a choice and slow-growing evergreen shrub or small tree. The leaves of this variety are almost linear in shape. The very attractive foliage has a thick and dark red-brown indumentum on the lower surface. White flowers with red to pale magenta flecks in mid-spring. Forms a compact shrub with a distinct and very unusual "coniferous" look. (-15\R2\3) **RSBG** \$29.00-B

\_\_\_ ***russatum*** This is a dwarf alpine species with dark green elliptic leaves. One of the best all-around garden plants in the Lapponica group, relatively easily grown and with beautiful flowers in mid-spring. Sun and excellent drainage for best results. A stunning staple in every collection – our first offering in over twenty years. (-10\R1\3) **RSBG** \$17.00-B



\_\_\_ ***saluenense* ssp. *chameunum*** **JN#264** This alpine species forms a dense mound of small and shiny, fragrant foliage. Purple to reddish-purple flowers in late spring or early summer. Very rarely offered and very slow growing. Best with excellent drainage and summer irrigation. (-5\R2\1) **RSBG#2004/262** \$18.00-B

\_\_\_ ***sanguineum* ssp. *didymum*** **DGEY#043** This distinct subspecies features remarkably dark crimson bell-shaped flowers in early summer. The striking flowers appear almost black, especially in bud. A compact growing, dwarf evergreen shrub with shiny foliage and somewhat bristly growth. Uniquely colored flowers, this is rarely offered. Requires excellent drainage and some shade during the hottest part of the day. This collection represents the first re-introduction into cultivation in the modern era. (-5\R2\2) **RSBG** \$24.00-B

\_\_\_ ***sargentianum*** A choice and very rare dwarf species related to *cephalanthum* and *anthopogon*. This forms a very compact low mound of tiny fragrant leaves, typically growing wider than high. Daphne-like yellow flowers in clusters in mid-spring. Best in a bright but not too hot position in an organic based but very well-drained soil. Very slow-growing and rarely offered. A fine form from the Berry Botanic Garden. (-10\R3\1) **RSBG#1976/324** \$28.00-B

\_\_\_ ***semibarbatum*** An unusual deciduous species with small hairy and shiny leaves. Native to the montane forests of Japan. The small white flowers with red spots hang beneath the leaves in early summer. Great fall foliage color. Most people would struggle to recognize this as a rhododendron – it is that different in appearance. (-15\R1\4) **RSBG** Large plants for \$21.00



\_\_\_ ***smokianum*** (formerly *minus* "var. *smokianum*") Dense bright green foliage and a low mounding "groundcover-like" habit and leaves that look more like the Japanese species *R. keiskei*. Deep pink to purple flowers in early summer, at least six weeks later than typical *minus*. Heat, drought and sun tolerant – these are grown from wild-collected seed. Quite rare with a very limited distribution in the wild, this was just recently named as a new and distinct species. (-15\R2\2) **RSBG#145sd2016** \$27.00

\_\_\_ ***spinuliferum*** **SBEC#** A very distinct species with bullate hairy leaves and upright clusters of unusual, tubular red to orange or pink flowers in mid-spring. Very striking and always draws attention. Tolerant of full sun and drier conditions once established. (+5\R1\4) **RSBG#1987/014** \$32.00

\_\_\_ ***tephropeplodes*** **DJHMV#133** This is a recent introduction that has recently been named as a new species. This is a collection from N Vietnam and many of the new introductions from that region are turning out to be much more tolerant of cold temperatures than their northern counterparts. This compact and dwarfish new species features interesting narrow and brownish-silvery scaly foliage and clusters of narrowly tubular pink to pale pink flowers. NOTE: This was sold in the past as "*xanthostephanum* aff." and also as *tephropeplum* aff. (+5\R1\2) **RSBG#105sd2007** \$24.00

\_\_\_ ***tephropeplum*** **APA#082** A dwarf mounding species with dark green scaly leaves, smooth and peeling brown bark and masses of purplish to rose or pink flowers. The new growth emerges a striking deep rose-purple with silvery scales. A beautiful species for sun or light shade with very attractive foliage, bark and flowers. Grown from seed collected wild in a previously unexplored region of the Eastern Himalaya. One of my favorites. (+5\R2\3) **RSBG#400sd2005** \$12.00-B


\_\_\_ ***tephropeplum*** **BASE#9649** A dwarf mounding species with dark green scaly leaves, smooth and peeling brown bark and masses of purplish to rose or pink flowers. The new growth emerges a striking deep rose-purple with silvery scales. A beautiful species for sun or light shade with very attractive foliage, bark and flowers. This form, collected on the Yunnan/Myanmar frontier, is the finest in our collection in my opinion. It features very dark foliage and flowers compared to the other forms we are currently cultivating. One of my favorites. Our first offering of this fine clone. (+5\R2\3) **RSBG#2013/334** Large plants for \$31.00





\_\_\_ ***uniflorum*** Dwarf evergreen shrubs with small, pointed leaves. The widely funnel-shaped flowers (early to mid-spring) are rose-purple. This alpine species is known only from the Doshong La in SE Tibet. This is a low mounding, heavily flowering species which can be spectacular in bloom. A rarely offered, choice shrub requiring a well-drained but organic soil. (0\R2\1) **RSBG#1966/586** \$17.00-B


\_\_\_ ***valentinioides*** **YUGU#061** Deep yellow waxy flowers in late spring with deeply bullate, glossy green leaves, each leaf with a fringe of long hairs on their margins. Much larger growing and more vigorous than its close relative - *valentinianum*. Smooth and peeling reddish-brown bark, this has proven to be quite hardy for a *Maddenia* in our climate. A stunning foliage plant with the darkest yellow flowers I have seen in a rhododendron. Grown from seed collected in the wild from the exact location where Peter Cox and I first introduced it into cultivation in 1995. (+5\R2\4) **RSBG#138sd2019** \$16.00-B






\_\_\_ **williamsianum** One of the finest, easiest and most attractive of all species. Rounded leaves, bronzy new growth and delicate rose, bell-shaped flowers on this form from the collection at Caerhays. Easy in sun or shade and relatively drought tolerant once established, this is one of the best and most ornamental of all species for general garden use. (-5\R1\3) RSBG#1966/606 \$24.00 

\_\_\_ **williamsianum** **Yu#** One of the finest and most attractive of all species. Rounded leaves and pale rose flowers on this rarely offered selection. Easy in sun or shade, relatively drought tolerant once established. (-5\R1\3) RSBG#1975/277 \$24.00 

\_\_\_ **williamsianum** One of the finest, easiest and most attractive of all species. Rounded leaves and bronzy new growth. This is a large-flowered form with the **darkest pink flowers** of any clone in our collection. Easy in sun or shade and relatively drought tolerant once established, this is one of the best and most ornamental of all species for general garden use. (-5\R1\3) RSBG#1975/307 \$26.00 


\_\_\_ **williamsianum** **W#1350** One of the finest, easiest and most attractive of all species. Rounded leaves, bronzy new growth and delicate rose, bell-shaped flowers on this form from the type (original) collection. Easy in sun or shade and relatively drought tolerant once established, this is one of the best and most ornamental of all species for general garden use. (-5\R1\3) RSBG#1980/055 \$28.00 


\_\_\_ **wumingense** **CGG#14150** This is a very dwarf member of subsection Maddenia with small elliptic leaves typically an inch or less in length. In the wild it forms tight, low domes on the tops of boulders and on cliffsides. This species has very large flowers considering the relatively small size of the plant and leaves. These are borne in clusters of two or three and are pure white with reflexed petals – quite different from any other rhododendron. Very slow-growing so far, best with good drainage. (+5?\R1\1) RSBG#173sd2012 \$16.00-B 


\_\_\_ **yuefengense** A new and very exciting species in cultivation. This is, in general appearance, a dwarf and compact version of the well-known species *orbiculare* and has similar rounded leaves. The leaves are much thicker and more firm in texture than that familiar species and the petiole is quite short and wide. Bright glaucous blue-green new growth - a really amazing foliage plant. Funnel-bell-shaped pink flowers in early summer - quite a late-blooming species and flowering from a very young age. Quite hardy and easily grown, best in very light shade or morning sun. (-10\R1\3) RSBG \$29.00  


## **MEDIUM-GROWING, SHRUBBY SPECIES**


**(Many of these, such as members of Subsections Cinnabarina and Triflora, may become quite large with time but can safely be cut back as needed to reduce their overall size)**


\_\_\_ **adenosum** A very rare species in cultivation, this is closely related to the more familiar *glischrum*, differing in its shorter foliar and stem hairs giving it a “fuzzy” appearance. Pink to white flushed pink flowers, usually with red spots. Best in light shade. (-5\R1\4) RSBG \$27.00 


\_\_\_ **amesiae** **SEH#26008** This represents the very first introduction of the true species into cultivation. Like most of the other species in Subsection Triflora, this is an easy and vigorous hardy species. This species is close to *concinnum* and *augustinii* with similar flowers of rose-purple to reddish or pinkish funnel-shaped flowers (mid-spring). One of the hardiest of the Trifloras. This is a floriferous, adaptable and vigorous species that forms a large and bushy upright shrub – perfect with *augustinii*, *rigidum* and/or *davidsonianum*. (-10\R1\6) RSBG#2011/035 \$21.00 


\_\_\_ **anna ssp. laxiflorum** **JN#11079** A fast-growing species with strong upright growth and very attractive, incredibly shiny foliage. As the name suggests, these should have an inflorescence of hanging flowers ranging in color from white to pink, in late spring. The first re-introduction in the modern era. Grown from seed collected in the wild. Partially drought tolerant once established. Really great foliage on these young seedlings. (0\R1\4) RSBG#225sd2012 \$23.00 


\_\_\_ **augustinii ssp. augustinii** Large, upright evergreen shrubs with masses of beautiful flowers in mid-spring. This is an outstanding form selected from Branklyn Garden in Scotland and, according to my own notes, is “a dark blue form, better than ‘Electra’”. Our first offering. Easily grown in sun or shade and very floriferous. Great with white and pink flowered rhododendrons. (0\R1\6) RSBG#1990/073 \$26.00 


\_\_\_ **augustinii ssp. augustinii** **‘Barto Blue’** An outstanding selection of this always beautiful species. A fine form with dark blue-purple flowers. Easily grown in sun or shade and very floriferous. Great with white and pink flowered rhododendrons. (0\R1\6) RSBG#1975/309 \$26.00 


\_\_\_ **augustinii ssp. augustinii** **‘Playfair’** Large, upright evergreen shrubs with masses of beautiful flowers in mid-spring. This selection has large deep blue-purple flowers with a large greenish blotch and is one of the last forms of this variable species to flower in spring. Easily grown in sun or shade and very floriferous. Great with white and pink flowered rhododendrons. An outstanding selection. (0\R1\6) RSBG \$26.00 

\_\_\_ ***augustinii* ssp. *augustinii*** 'Cerulean Mist' An RSBG selection. In my opinion, this is the finest form in our substantial collection of this species. The large flowers are as close to a true blue as you will see in *augustinii*. A real winner. (0\R1\6) RSBG#2004/145 \$26.00 





\_\_\_ ***augustinii* ssp. *augustinii*** 'Electra's Son' As above. This is a relatively newly named form that I have not seen in flower. I would assume that it is derived from the famous clone 'Electra' and has very attractive flowers. (0\R1\6) RSBG#2000/055 \$26.00 


\_\_\_ ***augustinii* ssp. *augustinii*** 'Marine' Large, upright evergreen shrubs with masses of beautiful flowers in mid-spring. An outstanding plant from Bovee's Nursery. This selection has large deep blue-purple flowers with darker purple flecks. Easily grown in sun or shade and very floriferous. Great with white and pink flowered rhododendrons. (0\R1\6) RSBG#2000/052 \$26.00 

\_\_\_ ***brevicaudatum*** CDHM#14656 A relatively newly described species. This is considered to be related to the rarely cultivated, though widespread species – *R. micranthum* and has similar flowers that are small and white in rounded clusters, much like a ledum. The very distinct glossy foliage is long and narrowly elliptic and densely brown scaly beneath. Quite rare in the wild, currently known only from a small area in eastern Guizhou, China. (0\R1\3) RSBG#143sd2012 \$17.00-B 


\_\_\_ ***bureavii*** Large evergreen shrubs with densely woolly leaves and young branches. One of the finest foliage plants in the genus with a thick and woolly reddish-brown indumentum on the lower surface of the leaves. The white flushed pink to pink flowers appear in mid-spring and are sometimes spotted with purple or crimson. Best in light shade – the foliage will scorch in hot, sunny exposures. (-10\R1\4) RSBG#1984/147 Large plants for \$39.00 


\_\_\_ ***campanulatum* ssp. *campanulatum*** Large upright shrubs with shiny foliage and pinkish to lavender or (rarely) white flowers in mid-spring. The leaves have a dense and dark indumentum beneath. Grown from seed produced by a hand-pollination of two of our best clones here at the RSBG. Native to the Himalaya Mountains where this is a common, widespread and variable species. (-10\R1\4) RSBG \$14.00-B


\_\_\_ ***cardiobasis*** (ex. CGG#14165) A newly introduced species. In my opinion this is one of the most important introductions in the last twenty years. This species forms a large rounded shrub with large and deep green, very rounded leaves – a stunning plant in foliage. In mid-spring the large flower buds expand to upright inflorescences of 18 (or so) funnel-shaped and pink, lightly fragrant flowers (similar to those of its close relative – *R. fortunei*) - quite remarkable. Grown from hand-pollinated seed produced here at the RSBG from the original introduction of this species from its type location in southern China. This taxon was long thought to be a subspecies of its relative *R. orbiculare* which also has rounded leaves, but which is found far to the northwest in Sichuan, and which has completely different flowers. I am hereby (unofficially) restating it as a separate species. Beautiful bluish cast to the new growth and a vigorous habit. Best in light shade and has been perfectly hardy outside here so far. You will love this. (0?\R1\4) RSBG \$29.00    

\_\_\_ ***cerasinum*** 'Coals of Fire' KW#5830 This species forms a compact rounded shrub with distinctive, elliptic and glossy, deep green leaves. The stunning and waxy, bell-shaped flowers (late spring to early summer) of this species range from picotee type – white tubes with a reddish edge and dark purple nectaries to the more common solid, deep red with darker nectaries. A beautiful flowering plant that always attracts attention. The flowers of this selected form are solid cherry red highlighted by dark purple nectaries. (0\R1\3) RSBG#1980/110 \$38.00 


\_\_\_ ***cinnabarinum* ssp. *xanthocodon*** (Concatenans Group) 'Copper' LS&T#6560 Similar to ssp. *cinnabarinum* but with shorter, more bell-shaped flowers and broader leaves with scales on the upper surface. The flowers of ssp. *xanthocodon* range in color from apricot, orange, vermilion and yellow, to red-purple or plum-purple and appear in mid- to late spring. Plants formerly known as *concatenans* are usually lower-growing and more compact than other forms of *cinnabarinum*. The flowers on this Award of Merit selection are coral-colored and suffused with orange and red. Best in light shade. (0\R1\4) RSBG#1992/016 \$36.00


\_\_\_ ***cinnabarinum* ssp. *cinnabarinum*** (Roylei Group) Large upright-growing evergreen shrubs with superb pendulous flowers in late spring. These are tubular in shape and quite variable in color, ranging from red, plum-crimson, salmon-pink, pink, yellow-orange and apricot to various bicolor and even tricolor combinations. This selected clone from Warren Berg has large, glaucous red-orange flowers and bright blue-green foliage. (0\R2\5) RSBG#1977/160 Large plants for \$38.00 


\_\_\_ ***cinnabarinum* ssp. *cinnabarinum*** (Roylei Group) Large upright-growing evergreen shrubs with superb pendulous flowers in late spring. These are tubular in shape and quite variable in color, ranging from red, plum-crimson, salmon-pink, pink, yellow-orange and apricot to various bicolor and even tricolor combinations. This selected clone has large, glaucous red flowers and bright blue-green foliage. (0\R1\5) RSBG#1973/066 \$19.00-B 

\_\_\_ ***coeloneuron*** PW#009 A fantastic new introduction that is becoming well-known in gardens due to its outstanding foliage, vigorous growth and attractive pale pink to rose or rose-purple flowers in very early spring. The leaves are convex and bullate with an attractive 


rufous indumentum on both surfaces. Easily grown in sun or shade. These are grown from seed collected in the wild. A very vigorous growing species, best in sun or light shade. Pronounced “seelownewron”. (0\R1\7) RSBG#230sd1995 \$24.00

\_\_\_ ***concinnum*** H2MD#030 Easy and vigorous hardy species with deep purple to reddish or pinkish funnel-shaped flowers (mid-spring). These are grown from seed collected in the wild. One of the hardiest of the Trifloras. This is a floriferous adaptable and vigorous species that forms a large and bushy upright shrub – perfect with *augustinii*, *rigidum* and/or  *davidsonianum*. (-10\R1\6) RSBG#153sd2015 \$11.00-B 


\_\_\_ ***davidsonianum*** 'Caerhays Pink' Large upright evergreen shrubs. Easy and floriferous, tolerant of sun or shade, and relatively drought resistant once established. This is the very floriferous form with clear pink flowers spotted red in mid-spring. Great with *augustinii*. (0\R1\6) RSBG#1966/600 \$23.00 



\_\_\_ ***degronianum* ssp. *heptamerum*** (“*metternichii*”) This clone with a golden-brown indumentum on the upper surface of the new leaves. A selected pale pink-flowered form from Borde Hill. Easy in light shade, heat and cold tolerant. (-15\R1\4) RSBG#1965/281 \$24.00 



\_\_\_ ***elliottii*** Large upright evergreen shrubs or small trees. The leaves have an attractive indumentum on both surfaces when they first emerge in mid-to late summer. The stunning funnel bell-shaped flowers (late spring to mid-summer) are scarlet to crimson with deeper-colored nectar pouches and spots. An attractive and rarely grown species, one of the most impressive of all red-flowered rhododendrons. (+5\R1\5) RSBG \$11.00-B

\_\_\_ ***floribundum*** This species forms a large shrub or small tree to around 20 ft. The flowers (early to mid-spring) are typically lilac-blue to lavender with a darker blotch and flecks. The distinctive lanceolate leaves are bullate above and have a felted white indumentum on the under surface. A beautiful, easily grown and rarely offered species native to forests in Sichuan, China. Our first offering in many years, these are grown from hand-pollinated seed produced here in the garden. (-10\R1\6) RSBG \$16.00-B 

\_\_\_ ***griersonianum*** Open-growing evergreen shrubs with bristly-pubescent and glandular branchlets. The lower surface of the leaves is covered with a thick layer of whitish to pale brown woolly indumentum. A very free-blooming species with deep rose to scarlet or crimson flowers in early to mid-summer. Very distinct and attractive and often used in hybridizing for its large and brightly colored blossoms. Quite tolerant of sun and heat. These are grown from hand-pollinated seed produced here in the garden. (+5\R1\4) RSBG \$32.00


\_\_\_ ***quihainianum*** (ex. CDHM#14674) *Our first offering* of this newly described and newly introduced species. As seen in the wild, the most outstanding ornamental feature of this unusual species is the multi-colored smooth and peeling bark, very similar in appearance to the bark of a *Stewartia pseudocamellia*. This is a member of subsection *Irrorata* and will eventually form a large shrub or tree. The foliage is dark green and glossy and the white flowers (mid-spring) appear on quite young plants – no long wait to see the flowers on this tree-forming species! This has proven to be easily grown and hardy in the garden. These seedlings are grown from hand-pollinated seed produced here in the garden. (+5\R1\5) RSBG \$39.00 

\_\_\_ ***huanum*** A newly introduced species with very attractive, smooth and glossy, olive-green foliage and stunning rose-purple flowers in mid-spring. Each flower is highlighted by a large starry reddish-purple calyx. Very striking and quite distinct. Easy in light shade and seems to be quite hardy. I find the new growth of this species to be particularly attractive. One of my very favorite species. (-5\R1\5) RSBG \$23.00  


\_\_\_ ***irroratum* ssp. *irroratum*** YuGu#063 An easily-grown and floriferous species with beautiful flowers in early spring. The flowers range in color from white to pink to cream and are often heavily spotted. Plants grown from seed collected in this location are among the finest forms I have seen, with pink buds opening to white flowers with some reddish spots – beautiful in early spring! Very long-lasting flowers in a very tight and rounded truss. Easy and vigorous, tolerant of sun or shade. Grown from seed collected in the wild. (+5\R1\5) RSBG#139sd2019 \$23.00  


\_\_\_ ***irroratum* ssp. *pogonostylum*** JN#11073 This subspecies differs from its more widely grown relative ssp. *irroratum* in its deeper pink flowers and in having tomentum on the ovary (but you knew that already). This should have a vigorous and upright but shrubby growth habit and perhaps substantial heat tolerance as it has a more southern natural range than that of ssp. *irroratum*. From seed collected in the wild. (+5\R1\5) RSBG#265sd2012 \$24.00



\_\_\_ ***kendrickii*** GR#0812 A rare species in cultivation. This large shrub has shiny narrow pointed leaves and rose-purple to red flowers in early spring. The flowers are usually heavily spotted for an overall very exotic look. These are grown from seed collected in the wild. These will probably have red flowers. Best in light shade. (+5\R1\6) RSBG#191sd2008 \$11.00-B



\_\_\_ ***keysii*** GR#0817 A *cinnabarinum* relative with a vigorous, bushy habit and narrow dark green leaves. The highly unusual, pendulous flowers are arranged in dense clusters in the leaf axils of the upper stems, appearing in late spring to early summer. They are narrowly tubular in shape and orange to reddish in color with yellow or green lobes. Quite attractive and very different from any other rhododendron. Easy in sun or shade and seems to be relatively drought tolerant once established. Grown from seed collected wild in a newly explored region of the eastern Himalaya. (0\R1\6) RSBG#163sd2008 \$13.00-B 


\_\_\_ ***maculiferum*** JN#11024 This is a rare northern relative of the species *strigillosum* and *pachytrichum*. This species also has bristly hairs on the stems and petioles but differs in its white flowers (sometimes pale pink) in early spring - usually with a reddish blotch. Should be quite hardy and tough as it is native to an area of China known as the "roof of central China." Grown from seed collected in the wild, very attractive foliage on these seedlings. (-15\R1\5) RSBG#239sd2012 \$26.00


\_\_\_ ***maximum*** A large-growing and vigorous, shade, heat and cold-tolerant species that flowers in early to mid-summer. This is a selection from the Polly Hill Arboretum. (-25\R1\6) RSBG#1989/024 \$16.00 


\_\_\_ ***menziesii*** (syn: *Menziesia ferruginea*) CGJ#015 Our first offering of this deciduous species native to forests in northwestern North America. The former genus *Menziesia* was recently "lumped" into the genus *Rhododendron* based upon DNA studies but the two genera are quite different morphologically – at least floristically. This species features oval leaves that are somewhat glandular and hairy with decent fall color if grown in a bright enough location. The small, bell-shaped flowers are in pendant, loose clusters and range in color from rusty orange to cream, pinkish or yellowish. Best in light shade and tolerant of some dryness in the summer once established. Grown from seed collected wild by RSBG staff on the Olympic Peninsula, WA. (-10\R1\4) RSBG#118sd2021 \$21.00 

\_\_\_ ***mucronulatum*** 'Cornell Pink' A selected form of this floriferous and easily grown deciduous species with masses of bright pink flowers in early spring. Tough and hardy with good fall foliage color and some heat tolerance. Sun or shade. (-20\R1\6) RSBG#1973/193 \$29.00  


\_\_\_ ***niveum*** Compact rounded evergreen shrubs with densely white-felted branchlets. The attractive foliage emerges silvery white or tannish and this is retained as a dense woolly grayish to tan indumentum on the lower surface. The amazing flowers (mid-spring) are unlike those of any other species. They are borne in a dense and compact, rounded inflorescence and are typically colored a shade of purple which has been described as similar to "grape Kool-Aid". One of the "classics" in the genus with stunning foliage and flowers. Best in light shade. One of the rarest species in the wild. Found only in a few isolated populations in the eastern Himalayas. These are grown from our own hand-pollinated seed. (0\R1\3) RSBG \$14.00-B  



\_\_\_ ***pachysanthum*** An excellent foliage plant typically with a long-lasting reddish-brown to silvery green indumentum on the upper leaf surface and a deep rust-brown indumentum on the lower – one of the best species for foliage display. White flushed pink flowers often with reddish spots in mid-spring. Easy in sun or shade and relatively heat and cold tolerant. These are cutting-grown from some of the finest forms in our collection. (-10\R1\3) RSBG \$32.00 


\_\_\_ ***pachytrichum*** CDHM#14556 Similar to its close relative *strigillosum* but with shaggy vs. bristly hairs and pink to white flowers with purple nectar pouches. Forms an upright shrub and flowers in early spring. These are grown from seed collected in the wild in a newly explored region. This form features really beautiful new growth and distinctively hairy young stems. Best in light shade. (-5\R1\5) RSBG#289sd2013 \$26.00 

\_\_\_ ***polylepis*** SEH#066 A vastly underused member of subsection *Triflora*. It shares the habit, vigor and ease of culture with its relatives, and can be distinguished by its shiny narrow leaves and bright red-purple flowers. Sun or light shade. This has recently been recollected in the wild and is now becoming more widely available. Grown from seed collected in the wild. (-10\R1\5) RSBG#414sd1996 \$19.00 




\_\_\_ ***ririei*** A choice large shrub with the earliest flowers of any elepidote, often blooming for us in February. Pale to deep lavender or flushed pinkish flowers with darker nectar pouches. Best in light shade and easily grown, forming a large specimen in time. A very nice beginning to the spring blooming season. This form has the darkest flowers of any in our collection. (-5\R1\6) RSBG#1975/013 \$29.00


\_\_\_ ***rubiginosum*** DJHC#98255 Large, upright growing shrubs or small trees with very densely scaly foliage and young stems. The leaves and stems are fragrant when crushed or on a hot sunny day. The widely funnel-shaped flowers (mid-spring) come in various shades of pink or lavender and even white flushed pink, usually with darker spots or a blotch. A very ornamental and easily grown species for sun or shade, providing a great display of flowers every spring. Quite variable over its extensive range in SW China and adjacent N Myanmar where it occurs in various habitats from 7,500 to 14,000 ft. Grown from seed collected in the wild. Very vigorous young plants with attractive scaly foliage. (0\R1\6) RSBG#416sd1999 \$21.00 

\_\_\_ ***sichotense*** 'Midwinter' (formerly *dauricum*) An AM & FCC winner, this is our earliest form to flower in the garden. Masses of rose-purple flowers in January in the PNW. An evergreen form of this variable species which has long been grown under the name *dauricum*. The fragrant foliage turns purple-bronze in the autumn/winter. Hardy and easy, sun or light shade. (-25\R1\5) RSBG#1974/008 Large plants for \$32.00  

\_\_\_ ***species nova*** (Subsection *Argyrophylla*) SEH#18034 A new introduction from a newly explored region in southern China. This species is obviously a member of subsection *Argyrophylla* but does not match the description of any currently known species in that large group. I did not see it in flower, but this species forms a dense rounded shrub with shiny oblanceolate leaves that are somewhat reminiscent of its probable close relative *ririei* but lacking the distinct indumentum of that well-known species. (0\R1\4) RSBG#167sd2018 \$26.00 



\_\_\_ ***thayerianum*** A very distinct species with long and very narrow, stiff and rigid leaves which are “canoe-shaped” in cross section. A stunning plant for foliage effect with the bonus of white flushed pink flowers in early summer, long after the main burst of spring bloom. Worth growing for its subtropical appearing foliage alone. A rarely offered, cold tolerant and completely unmistakable species. (-10\R1\4) RSBG#1966/605 \$29.00


\_\_\_ ***yuanbaoshanense*** YuGu#084 (NOTE: *this was previously offered as yuefengense affinity*). A very exciting new introduction. As with the newly introduced *cardiobasis* (described above), I think this will prove to be one of the most important introductions in the last twenty years. This species forms a large and rounded, but very upright-growing shrub with large, deep green, very thick and leathery rounded leaves with a cordate leaf base – a stunning plant in foliage. In early summer, it bears amazingly long and narrow, very upright inflorescences of bell-shaped pink flowers, each lobe with a darker pink strip – stunning! They are reminiscent of the flowers of *yuefengense* and appear at the same time of year. Basically, this taxon comes from the same elevation and habitat in S China as *yuefengense* but on a different mountain and with a completely different look/growth habit (very stiff and upright and not wide-growing like *yuefengense*), and with much more vigor. Beautiful and shiny new growth and a vigorous habit. Best in light shade and has been perfectly hardy outside here so far. You will love this. (0?\R1\5) RSBG \$38.00   



\_\_\_ ***yunnanense*** JN#12349 One of the best all-around garden plants in the genus. This easily grown species is adaptable and very floriferous. The flowers, in shades of white to pink or rose, are borne in abundance each spring. A vigorous and upright growing shrub. These are grown from seed collected in the wild, and, to quote Jens “Great evergreen form with large sometimes scented, very pale lavender flowers”. Easily grown and fine in sun or shade - this species makes a great hedge or screen. (0\R1\8) RSBG#375sd2013 \$21.00 



## TREE-LIKE AND BIG-LEAF SPECIES



(These species are ultimately very large plants that generally do not respond well to heavy pruning and so require quite a bit of space)



\_\_\_ ***arboreum* ssp. *cinnamomeum* var. *roseum*** Large rounded to upright evergreen shrubs or trees with stiff lanceolate foliage. This variety differs from ssp. *cinnamomeum* var. *cinnamomeum* in its paler, more compacted unistrate indumentum on the undersides of the leaves. Found at higher elevations than ssp. *arboreum* and thus generally hardier. An impressive plant in both foliage and flower. This is the famous clone known as the “Leonardslee form” and which we call our “best pink” with flowers of rich rose bearing pink flecks and basal blotching in early spring. Probably my favorite form of this variable species. **One of the first plants accessioned into the RSF collection.** (0\R1\6) RSBG#1964/118 Large plants for \$38.00  




\_\_\_ ***asterochnoum*** SEH#093 A relatively newly introduced species that forms a very large specimen shrub with very large leaves and white flushed rose to solid pink flowers, often with a dark red basal blotch. Closely related to the familiar *calophytum* but with even larger and more impressive foliage. I remember climbing a 30 ft. tree of this species in a remote ravine in western China and looking out over stands of the species *huanum*, *ochraceum*, *lutescens*, *ririei*, etc. – a remarkable setting for a remarkable species. Easy and very attractive in light shade. (-5\R1\6) RSBG#432sd1996 \$36.00 


\_\_\_ ***auriculatum* (pink form)** Large, wide-spreading evergreen shrubs or small trees. A fantastic species, one of the last to bloom here in the garden (late July or early August). A large plant with large leaves and showy pink, highly fragrant flowers. Because this species occurs in a more climatically continental region of China than most other species with large leaves, it is more tolerant of heat and cold extremes. (-5\R1\5) RSBG#1981/025 \$39.00  


\_\_\_ ***calophytum* var. *calophytum*** One of the “big-leaved” species with leaves up to one foot in length. A magnificent foliage plant with equally impressive flowers (early spring) that range from white to rose pink or white and pink candy-stripped and are borne in a large showy inflorescence - usually with purple flecks and a basal blotch. These are grown from hand-pollinated seed produced here in the garden. (-5\R1\6) RSBG \$37.00  


\_\_\_ ***decorum* ssp. *decorum*** DJHC#98134 Large evergreen shrubs or small trees. The large fragrant flowers (late spring to early summer) are white to pink or rose, often flushed and/or marked with colorful flecks. An easily grown, vigorous and free-blooming species, tolerant of a wide range of conditions including full sun. From seed collected in the wild. (0\R1\8) RSBG#414sd1998 Large plants for \$28.00  


\_\_\_ ***denudatum*** JN#12291 An impressive species that was only recently introduced into cultivation. Closely related to *floribundum* but with a darker fuzzy indumentum and pink to wine-red flowers (vs. purplish) in mid-spring. Grown from wild collected seed. An easily grown, strong upright grower with really stunning, glossy and bullate, deep green leaves. Very attractive and best grown in light shade or the woodland garden. (0\R1\5) RSBG#121sd2013 \$24.00  

\_\_\_ ***fortunei* ssp. *discolor*** CGG#14113 This is a taxon that I refer to as the “Guizhou form” of the incredibly widespread and variable ssp. *discolor*. Like its close relatives, it forms a large and vigorous, upright evergreen shrub with smooth, bright green foliage. The lightly fragrant flowers appear in early to mid-summer and are a striking pure white, often flushed with deep green. This is an easily grown, floriferous garden plant with heat and cold tolerance. Grown from seed collected in the wild. (-5\R1\8) RSBG#269sd2010 \$16.00-B   

\_\_\_ ***fortunei ssp. fortunei*** SEH#18048 This is a large and vigorous, upright evergreen shrub with smooth, bright green foliage. The large and showy fragrant flowers are white flushed pink to deep pink in mid- to late spring, providing a grand display. This is an easily grown, floriferous garden plant with heat and cold tolerance. One of the best all-around species for gardens. These are grown from seed collected in the wild in a newly explored region. (-10\R1\8) RSBG#182sd2018 \$34.00 

\_\_\_ ***fortunei ssp. fortunei*** This is a large and vigorous, upright evergreen shrub with smooth, bright green and glossy foliage. The large and showy, very fragrant flowers (late spring) are bright pink, providing a grand display. This is an easily grown, floriferous garden plant with heat and cold tolerance. One of the best all-around species. (-10\R1\8) RSBG \$13.00-B 


\_\_\_ ***jingqiangshanicum*** Large shrubs closely allied to the familiar *calophytum* with similar very large leaves but slightly different in shape and with a shiny upper leaf surface. The early spring flowers differ from those of *calophytum* in their slightly different shape, and in the fact that they are a solid pinkish-purple in color. Quite rare in the wild, two separate expeditions have failed to locate this species in the Jinggang Shan of western Jiangxi where it is thought to be endemic. This appears to be an isolated, far eastern extension of the *calophytum* complex. Grown from hand-pollinated seed produced here in the RSBG. (-5\R1\5) RSBG \$32.00 


\_\_\_ ***kesangiae var. album*** KCSH#0362 The attractively-colored flowers (mid-spring) open to shades of rose to pink before fading to white in this variety. A beautiful foliage plant with impressively large leaves. Best in light shade with protection from strong wind. Grown from seed collected in the wild from a newly explored region of the eastern Himalaya. (0\R1\4) RSBG#559sd2003 \$47.00 

\_\_\_ ***macabeanum*** Of all the fantastic big-leaf species in cultivation, this is one of the best all-around garden plants. Easy to grow in light shade, this species has large rounded leaves with a whitish to buff woolly indumentum on the lower surface. Large and showy yellow flowers, usually with a purple blotch. These are grown from hand-pollinated seed produced here at the RSBG. (+5\R1\6) RSBG \$34.00


\_\_\_ ***magnificum*** One of the rarest of the big-leaf species in cultivation, closely related to *protistum* ("*giganteum*"). The similar large leaves develop their thin indumentum at a much younger age than that species and the flowers also appear much sooner in its long life. The large flowers (early spring) range in color from rose to deep red-purple. These are grown from a hand-pollinated cross here at the RSBG. Rarely offered, almost all of the plants that I have seen in gardens labeled as this species are hybrids. (+15\R1\7) RSBG \$27.00


\_\_\_ ***montroseanum*** This big-leaf is similar to *sinogrande* but with narrower leaves and deep pink flowers. Shiny whitish indumentum on the lower leaf surface, the upper is a distinctively dark glossy green with deeply impressed veins. The most attractive pink flowers of all the big-leaves. Beautifully bullate and shiny foliage on these plants, with bright red bud scales. (+5\R1\5) RSBG \$29.00

\_\_\_ ***praeevernum*** Large evergreen shrubs with a wide-spreading habit, often wider than tall but can become tree-like. The relatively large leaves complement the large and showy flowers in very early spring. These are white to pink or rose with a prominent purplish blotch at the base. Similar and closely related to the well-known *sutchuenense* but with a blotched corolla and hairless lower leaf surface. Best in light shade and very hardy. Our first offering in almost 20 years, these are grown from hand-pollinated seed produced here in the garden. (-15\R1\5) RSBG \$26.00 


\_\_\_ ***rex ssp. fictolacteum*** SEH#25002 A beautiful and impressive species blooming in mid-spring. One of the finest species in the genus with great foliage, beautiful flowers and excellent hardiness for a "big-leaf". These are grown from seed collected in the wild. White to lilac or rose flowers and dark glossy green foliage with deep rusty brown indumentum. (-5\R1\5) RSBG#340sd2005 \$36.00 


\_\_\_ ***rex ssp. fictolacteum*** A beautiful and impressive species blooming in mid-spring. One of the finest species in the genus with great foliage, beautiful flowers, and excellent hardiness for a "big-leaf". These are grown from seed produced by a hand pollination here at the RSBG. White to lilac or rose flowers and dark glossy green foliage with deep rusty brown indumentum. (-5\R1\5) RSBG \$33.00

\_\_\_ ***rex ssp. rex*** CDHM#14520 Large erect evergreen shrubs or trees which can attain heights of up to 45 ft. in the wild. The extremely attractive leaves are up to 18 inches long, deep green above with a thick gray to buff indumentum beneath. A beautiful and impressive species blooming in late spring with numerous (up to 30) flowers in a large inflorescence. This species usually has white flushed pink to pure pink or lavender-pink flowers, often with a darker blotch. These are grown from seed collected in the wild in a region where the flowers are typically in the pink to lavender range. (-5\R1\5) RSBG#270sd2013 \$43.00 

\_\_\_ ***rex ssp. rex*** RR# Large erect evergreen shrubs or trees which can attain heights of up to 45 ft. in the wild. The extremely attractive leaves are up to 18 inches long, deep green above with a thick gray to buff indumentum beneath. A beautiful and impressive species blooming in late spring with numerous (up to 30) flowers in a large inflorescence. This species usually has white flushed pink to pure pink or lavender-pink flowers, often with a darker blotch. These are grown from seed collected in the wild in a region where the flowers are typically in the pink to lavender range. Our first offering of this collection. Beautiful foliage. (-5\R1\5) RSBG#158sd2004 \$43.00 

\_\_\_ ***rothschildii*** A hardy big-leaf with a thin brown indumentum on the lower leaf surface that has a distinctly "granular" appearance. White to pale yellow or pink flowers in early spring, one of the first of the big leaves to flower each spring. Grown from hand-pollinated seed produced here in the RSBG. (0\R1\4) RSBG \$33.00

\_\_\_ ***serotinum*** **YuGu#060** A newly introduced, very ornamental and distinct species from the S Yunnan/N Vietnam frontier. The quite large, white and fragrant flowers appear in mid-summer. This vigorous species has foliage similar to that of *R. hemsleyanum* but with narrower leaves and a more upright and narrow growth habit and much larger flowers. One of the fastest growing of all species. These are grown from seed collected in the wild. (0\R1\8) **RSBG#137sd2019** \$35.00 

\_\_\_ ***sinofalconeri*** A relatively newly introduced big-leaf species with large, pale to deep yellow flowers in mid-spring. Very vigorous and attractive with great flowers and foliage. Reported hardy to +8 F along the east coast and showing some signs of heat tolerance in the southeast. A very vigorous grower, best in light shade like any other big-leaf. Stunning in foliage and flower. These are grown from hand-pollinated seed produced here in the garden. (0\R1\7) **RSBG** \$39.00 

\_\_\_ ***sinogrande*** One of the most impressive species in the genus. This big-leaf has the largest leaves of any rhododendron. Quite extraordinary as a foliage plant - with correspondingly large cream to pale yellow flowers and a crimson blotch. These are grown from hand-pollinated seed produced here at the RSBG. Best in light shade or under large conifers. Stunning in a container if grown in colder areas. (+10 to +5\R1\5) **RSBG** \$48.00


\_\_\_ ***thomsonii* ssp. *thomsonii*** A well-known and justifiably popular species. One of the best all-around horticultural species in the genus. The rounded blue-green leaves contrast nicely with the smooth and peeling, tan to reddish bark and red bell-shaped flowers on a multi-stemmed small tree. These are grown from hand-pollinated seed produced here in the garden. Best in light shade but tolerant of sun if not allowed to dry out. A gorgeous plant with year-round appeal. (-5\R2\5) **RSBG** \$17.00-B

## **MADDENIAS AND OTHER “MARGINALLY-HARDY” SPECIES**

**(Including both smaller and larger-growing species but excluding the big-leaves: many of these are epiphytic in the wild and so make great subjects for container culture)**


\_\_\_ ***boothii*** **KC#** An amazing and very distinct species from the temperate rainforests of the Eastern Himalaya. This virtually unknown species has remarkable stiff and leathery, narrowly heart-shaped leaves to around three inches long - each leaf covered with long silky silvery hairs. The new growth emerges bright red-purple and is complemented by the small, bright yellow flowers. Very slow-growing and requiring excellent drainage (the only place I have ever seen it growing in the wild is on the sides of maple trees, rooted into the bark). Not very hardy so best in a container in colder climates (Pacific NW for example!) but quite happy rootbound in a pot due to its epiphytic nature. A real beauty and very different from any other species. (+10\R2\2) **RSBG#2017/034** \$16.00-B


\_\_\_ ***carneum*** A rare maddenia in cultivation, this species has **pink** funnel-shaped flowers. (+15\R2\5) **RSBG#2002/002** \$22.00

\_\_\_ ***chrysdoron*** (ex. **CCHH#8116**) Upright but compact-growing evergreen shrubs with beautiful smooth and peeling, deep red-brown bark. The rather stiff and thick foliage is quite attractive, glossy green on the upper surface with golden scales on the lower. The flowers (late winter indoors, early spring outdoors) are bright to deep yellow and bell-shaped with flaring lobes. It is a very distinct and, in my opinion, a rather stunning species. Native to W Yunnan, China and adjacent N Myanmar where it grows as an epiphyte or in other exceptionally well-drained areas such as on rocks and cliffs. These are grown from a hand-pollination using plants resulting from the only re-collection of this very rare species since it was originally collected by Kingdon Ward in the “Triangle” of N Myanmar in 1953. (+15\R2\3) **RSBG#130sd2012** \$14.00-B 

\_\_\_ ***cuffeanum*** **KW#21909** One of the rarest maddenias in cultivation, this was collected only once in the wild. Found by Frank Kingdon-Ward on the isolated Mt. Victoria in Myanmar where it appears to be endemic, this plant has not been seen in the wild since that time. This species features glossy foliage and very large, pure white flowers with a strong golden blotch. (+10?\R2\6) **RSBG#2001/148** \$21.00

\_\_\_ ***dalhousiae* var. *dalhousiae*** One of the most spectacular of species, with trumpet-like creamy yellow to greenish yellow flowers up to four inches in length, peeling bark and large bold foliage. Requires excellent drainage. Makes a fine specimen in a container and will bloom much younger if grown in this fashion. (+15\R2\8) **RSBG** \$17.00-B

\_\_\_ ***edgeworthii*** **JN#11081** Over-the-top ornamental evergreen shrubs with smooth and peeling bark. The distinctive foliage is extremely attractive with a heavily puckered (bullate) texture above and a thick tawny indumentum below. The large and fragrant white to white flushed pink flowers appear in mid-spring. Requires sharp drainage. Great in a container or on an old stump or log. From seed collected in the wild in the Sino-Himalaya. (+10\R2\6) **RSBG#256sd2012** \$12.00-B 

\_\_\_ ***excellens*** **FMWJ#13398** A *Maddenia* closely related to *nuttallii* but typically with narrower foliage that is more strongly glaucous-white beneath. Very large and fragrant white flowers with a strong yellow-orange blotch in mid-spring to early summer (depending upon the provenance). Smooth and peeling bark. One of the hardiest of the larger-flowered maddenias - has survived outdoors in the ground for many years at the RSBG. Requires excellent drainage. Grown from wild collected seed. This is the more “typical” form (if such a thing can be said about this enigmatic species) with very large leaves and blooming in early summer. (+5\R2\6) **RSBG#282sd2012** \$12.00-B 

\_\_\_ ***fleuryi* KR#3286** A very rare species both in cultivation and in the wild. Superb smooth and peeling cinnamon bark and hairy foliage. The unusually shaped flowers (a long narrow tube with flaring lobes) emerge cream with pale pink strips, fading to pure white with a green-gold blotch in the throat. Requires excellent drainage but vigorous and easy. This species, native to southern Vietnam is now probably extinct in the wild, its only known population having been cut down for fuel wood. (+15\R2\6) RSBG#1996/040 \$21.00-B

\_\_\_ ***formosum* affinity (probably to be named as a new species) APA#008** A beautiful shrub as seen in the wild, with fantastic smooth and peeling red-brown bark. Stiff and glossy foliage with long ciliate hairs along the margins. Large white flowers with fragrance. From wild seed collected in a newly explored region of the eastern Himalaya. Should make a fine container specimen in colder areas. (+10\R1\4) RSBG#363sd2005 \$12.00-B

\_\_\_ ***formosum* var. *formosum*** One of the hardiest of the *Maddenia*. This species with large funnel-shaped white flowers flushed red with yellow in the throat. Attractive bark and glossy foliage. A fine form from the RBGE with a strong overlay of red in the flowers. (+10\R1\5) RSBG#1981/122 \$21.00

\_\_\_ ***formosum* var. *formosum* 'Khasia' C&H#320** This is a superb Award of Merit selection with large funnel-shaped white flowers flushed yellow in the throat. Very attractive bark and glossy foliage on this *Maddenia*. (+15\R1\5) RSBG#1998/012 Large plants for \$16.00-B

\_\_\_ ***johnstoneanum* 'Double Diamond'** This is an amazing clone with pale creamy yellow (almost white) double flowers. The long-lasting flowers are like small roses with layer upon layer of petals. Blooms over a long period. Attractively hairy foliage with smooth and peeling bark. Very hardy for a *Maddenia* and stunning in flower. (+5\R1\5) RSBG#1977/693 \$14.00-B

\_\_\_ ***lindleyi* 'Geordie Sherriff'** The large trumpet-like and very fragrant white flowers (mid-spring) of this Award of Merit selection are strongly flushed with rose. Fantastic flowers and smooth peeling bark on what I consider to be the best form of this always beautiful species. Requires excellent drainage. A very beautiful flower, quite happy in a container. (+10\R2\5) RSBG#1984/060 \$19.00-B

\_\_\_ ***maddenii* ssp. *maddenii* ("Pink Trumpets")** Fragrant large trumpet-shaped **pure pink** flowers in late spring and shiny foliage with a robust growth habit. Among the hardiest of the *maddenias* and much easier to grown than most of its close relatives. This is an unregistered clone which is purported to be a hybrid but appears to me to be simply a very pink and large-flowered form of the species. (+10\R1\8) RSBG \$27.00


\_\_\_ ***moulmainense* CGG#14123** An extremely widespread and variable species that eventually forms a very large tree in its native habitats ranging from the Himalaya through China and into Malaysia and Indonesia. Some botanists have separated out several different species from throughout this huge range, whereas others have "lumped" them all into this single variable species. The trees also feature stunning smooth and peeling bark – I have seen specimens in northern Vietnam with trunks over three feet in diameter. The variable large and showy pink, lilac or white flowers are fragrant, appearing in early spring. This collection represents the "typical" form with large and pink to lavender flowers. Grown from seed collected in the wild. Very ornamental and rarely offered. (+20\R1\5) RSBG#276sd2010 \$12.00-B

\_\_\_ ***moulmainense* (Oxyphyllum Group)** An extremely widespread and variable species that eventually forms a very large tree in its native habitats ranging from the Himalaya through China and into Malaysia and Indonesia. Some botanists have separated out several different species from throughout this huge range, whereas others have "lumped" them all into this single variable species. The trees also feature stunning smooth and peeling bark – I have seen specimens in northern Vietnam with trunks over three feet in diameter. The variable large and showy pink, lilac or white flowers are fragrant, appearing in early spring. This selection features masses of long white flowers with a yellow blotch. Very ornamental and rarely offered. (+20\R1\5) RSBG \$12.00-B




\_\_\_ ***nuttallii* DGEY#079** One of the finest of all species with probably the largest flowers in the genus. Beautiful, large, bullate leaves and smooth, peeling, purple-black bark. Bright fuchsia-pink new growth with silver scales and **huge, fragrant, six-inch long flowers**. Grown from seed collected in the wild. Requires excellent drainage, makes a fine container specimen and will flower at a much younger age when grown in this fashion. A real treasure and well worth the effort in colder regions where it performs admirably in a container. (+20\R2\7) RSBG#266sd2001 \$18.00-B


\_\_\_ ***pendulum* SEH#15034** Exquisite, dwarf shrubs related to *edgeworthii*. These have very attractive, densely furry leaves around one to two inches in length. The small white flattened flowers are not particularly showy but this is an outstanding foliage plant. Very slow growing and requires excellent drainage in a raised bed or old stump. Also does well in a hanging basket. One of the most distinct species in terms of its stunning foliage. (+10\R2\2) RSBG \$21.00-B

\_\_\_ ***roseatum*** Open-growing evergreen shrubs with reddish peeling bark. The large funnel-shaped fragrant flowers are white strongly flushed pink, with a yellow blotch at the base. This is the Award of Merit form. Rare in the wild and rarely offered for sale, this is effectively a pale pink *maddenia*. (+15\R2\6) RSBG#1998/016 \$24.00

\_\_\_ *seingkuense* This epiphytic species is basically a smaller-growing version of its close relative – *R. edgeworthii*. It differs in its much smaller, rounded leaves, slightly thinner indumentum and smaller, but bright yellow, flowers. Fine in a hanging basket or on an old log or stump. A very attractive dwarf species. Requires excellent drainage. Another stunning species in terms of its outstanding foliage. (+10\R2\3) RSBG \$19.00-B 


\_\_\_ *sulfureum* CCHH#8236 A fine, dwarf and relatively hardy species with smooth and peeling brown bark. Small flattened bell-shaped yellow to deep yellow flowers in early spring. Easy with good drainage and small enough for a container. (+5\R2\2) RSBG#2000/113 \$17.00-B


\_\_\_ *taggianum* (ex. CCHH#8108) A close relative of *lindleyi* and *dalhousiae* with similar huge “lily-like” trumpet-shaped flowers. Pure white and very fragrant flowers in this species. Glossy green foliage and a vigorous habit. Epiphytic in the wild, the only place I have ever seen this growing wild is on the sides of trees. Requires excellent drainage and fine in a container. These are grown from hand-pollinated seed produced from the only reintroduction of this rare species in the modern era. (+15\R2\6) RSBG#258sd2020 \$12.00-B   


\_\_\_ *veitchianum* ‘Ashcombe’ Large and vigorous evergreen shrubs with smooth and shiny reddish-brown bark. The large fragrant flowers are white, often with a yellow blotch and typically frilled or wavy along the outer part of the lobes. Quite variable in terms of blooming season and requiring excellent drainage. Magnificent large white flowers with an orange-yellow blotch on this 1962 FCC clone. (+25\R2\6) RSBG#1974/001 Large plants for \$23.00 


\_\_\_ *xanthostephanum* KR#11776 This is a bushy, smaller-growing species with stunning, smooth, mahogany bark. The distinct narrow leaves are a lovely, silvery-scaly and olive-green in contrast to the small tubular bright yellow flowers which appear in masses in late spring. Grown from seed collected in the wild. (+10\R2\4) RSBG#191sd2023 \$12.00-B


## AZALEAS (Deciduous and evergreen species)

\_\_\_ *albrechtii* A choice and hardy deciduous azalea with uniquely shaped rose to rose-purple flowers in early spring. Fine fall foliage color, best in light shade. A beautiful species related to *R. schlippenbachii*, easily grown, hardy and always admired in the early spring garden. (-15\R1\4) RSBG \$14.00-B 


\_\_\_ *amagianum* A large deciduous azalea with unusual and attractive ovate-diamond shaped leaves on a beautifully, structurally layered plant. Reddish-orange flowers in early summer. Rarely offered, this species, native to Japan, is a great choice for areas with hot summers, also fine in the Pacific Northwest. Sun or light shade. These are grown from seed collected wild in Japan. (-5\R1\4) RSBG#136sd2022 \$28.00 

\_\_\_ *arborescens* A late-blooming (early to mid-summer) deciduous azalea with shiny dark green leaves and smooth stems. Beautiful and very fragrant white flowers with red stamens. Fine in sun or light shade. This is an outstanding relatively dwarf and compact form (compared to the typically more upright habit). (-20\R1\3) RSBG \$27.00 


\_\_\_ *atlanticum* Clusters of long and tubular, highly fragrant white flowers (often with a pink flush on the tube) in mid-to late spring. This is a low-growing deciduous and slowly rhizomatous azalea with blue-green foliage. Easy & tough. (-15\R1\3) RSBG \$19.00 


\_\_\_ *calendulaceum* One of the easiest and showiest of the North American azaleas, this deciduous species has large, widely funnel-shaped flowers in late spring to early summer. The blossoms range in color from yellow to orange and red or combinations of the above. A real splash of late season color. Bright fall foliage color, best in sun in the Pacific NW. These are grown from seed collected in the wild by our friend Don Hyatt from a plant named “Roan Mountain Lava” with large golden-orange, ruffled and frilled flowers. (-25\R1\5) RSBG#224sd2016 \$11.00-B 


\_\_\_ *farrerae* A low-growing, mounding semi-evergreen azalea with glossy and hairy diamond-shaped foliage. Pale lavender flowers in early summer. A rare species in cultivation that should have good heat tolerance. A great dwarf species with beautiful foliage that forms a neat little mounding shrub with very tight and compact growth - wider than high. Sun and shade tolerant and so far, relatively hardy. Native to mixed forests in SE China at around 2,000 ft. (+5\R1\1) RSBG#1978/037 \$19.00



\_\_\_ *indicum* An evergreen azalea with rose-red to bright scarlet flowers in early summer. This clone grown from seed collected wild in Japan. A heat tolerant species with very narrow, fine-textured foliage. (0\R1\3) RSBG#2010/011 \$26.00 


\_\_\_ *kaempferi* ‘Semperflorens’ An easily-grown and floriferous evergreen to semi-deciduous azalea native to Japan. This is an unusual form with reddish, extremely narrow petals on the spidery flowers. Both heat and cold tolerant and performs admirably in sun or shade. A fine selection. (-5\R1\4) RSBG#1979/171 \$29.00


\_\_\_ *kiusianum* ‘Miyamakikoshi’ A low-growing and mounding evergreen azalea with deep green, small leaves. A very easily grown species, floriferous and adaptable to a wide range of conditions. Native to mountain slopes in Japan and quite variable with many selected forms. This form with large pale lavender-pink flowers late in the “*kiusianum*-season”. (-10\R1\18 inches) RSBG#1979/067 \$24.00 


\_\_\_ *kiusianum* ‘Yufuzakura’ A low-growing and mounding evergreen azalea with deep green, small leaves. A very easily grown species, floriferous and adaptable to a wide range of conditions. Native to mountain slopes in Japan and quite variable with many selected forms. This form with rose-purple flowers. (-10\R1\18 inches) RSBG#1979/063 \$24.00 


\_\_\_ *luteum* ‘Golden Comet’ An RSBG selection, I feel that this is the best form of this always lovely species. Large, deep yellow, highly fragrant flowers in mid-spring. Bright red fall foliage color. Easy in sun or light shade. Cold and heat tolerant, this selection is resistant to powdery mildew. A superb plant for most rhododendron-growing regions. (-10\R1\4) RSBG \$24.00 


\_\_\_ *mariesii* H2MD#125 This is one of only a couple of species in what we call the “Japanese three-leaved azalea” complex NOT native to Japan. This is the Chinese counterpart to the well-known Japanese species *dilatatum*, *reticulatum*, *sanctum*, etc. Similar rhombic to ovoid leaves in whorls of three and pink to lavender flowers in early spring before or with the new foliage. This variable species is quite common and widespread throughout much of central and southern China but is not found in the southwest where the early plant explorers concentrated their efforts which explains the paucity of specimens in modern gardens. (0\R1\4) RSBG#191sd2015 \$26.00  


\_\_\_ *molle* ssp. *japonicum* One of the most spectacular of the deciduous azaleas. This subspecies has very large, brightly-colored flowers that range in color from reddish to salmon-orange – variable in color but always quite striking and showy. The flowers appear in late spring and the fall foliage color can be spectacular. Easy and adaptable but best in sun. Rarely seen in gardens but one of the finest azaleas in my opinion. (-5\R1\4) RSBG#266sd2020 \$12.00-B 


\_\_\_ *nakaharai* ‘Mt. Seven Star’ Bright brick-red flowers in mid-summer on this low creeping evergreen azalea. The fuzzy-hairy, deep green glossy leaves densely cover the spreading stems of this tidy bit of rabbit food. A beautiful little groundcover with cold and heat tolerance that is easy in sun or light shade. (-5\R1\6 inches) RSBG#1975/267 \$23.00 


\_\_\_ *nipponicum* A very unusual deciduous azalea native to Japan, this distinct species has striking large obovate leaves in whorls, beautiful deep chocolate brown, smooth and peeling bark and bright reddish purple fall foliage color. The flowers appear as pendulous white bells in early summer. One of my personal favorites, best in light shade or the woodland garden. A real eye-catcher. (-10\R1\4) RSBG \$14.00-B 


\_\_\_ x *obtusum* ‘Amoenum’ A long cultivated and beautiful old Japanese hybrid with bits of *kiusianum* and *kaempferi* and who knows what else in its genes. Vivid magenta flowers in mid-spring on a dense-growing evergreen azalea that in time develops into a wider than high specimen. Easily grown, tough and hardy. (-10\R1\3) RSBG \$16.00 


\_\_\_ *occidentale* The west coast native deciduous azalea. This variable species typically has large showy fragrant flowers in early summer. They range from white to white with yellow or pink. Bright fall foliage color. Grown from seed collected wild by our friend Mike McCullough on Mount Tamalpais, east of the Portola Picnic area, Marin County CA. (-10\R1\4) RSBG#270sd2020 Large plants for \$29.00 


\_\_\_ *quinquefolium* A very ornamental, deciduous species with a striking, layered branching pattern and a very slow growth habit. The foliage emerges in whorls of five leaves at the branch tips, each leaf delicately accented with red on its margin. The elegant, pure white, funnel-shaped flowers hang amongst the foliage in mid-spring. Beautiful in the woodland garden. (-10\R2\2) RSBG \$19.00-B 


\_\_\_ *rubropilosum* The leaves and branches of this evergreen azalea are covered with long silky golden hairs. Rose-pink flowers with darker flecks in late spring. A **great foliage plant** with very distinct, thickly-textured leaves, good heat tolerance and an upright habit. These are grown from seed collected in the wild. (0\R1\3) RSBG#400sd2013 \$24.00 


\_\_\_ *stenopetalum* A rounded evergreen azalea with light green, ovate, softly hairy leaves. Lovely large and fragrant lavender flowers in late spring on this clone collected in the wild. Formerly known as *macrosepalum*. Easy in sun or light shade. (0\R1\4) RSBG#1982/134 \$23.00 

\_\_\_ *stenopetalum* ‘Koromo Shikibu’ This selection is similar to the familiar ‘Linearifolium’ but has normal sized leaves and the floral petals are a bit wider, but still quite narrow and distinctly shaped. They are divided and strap-like, a light purplish-pink in color with darker tips and dark spots at the base. Easy, tough, beautiful and hardy. (0\R1\4) RSBG#1981/107 \$24.00 

\_\_\_ *stenopetalum* ‘Linearifolium’ A very distinct and deservedly popular evergreen azalea. The long and narrow, hairy leaves are matched by the similarly-shaped lavender petals of the flowers in mid-spring. An amazing foliage plant. Best if staked for a year or so until an adequate root system develops, after this it is quite dependable. (0\R1\4) RSBG#1965/447 \$27.00 

\_\_\_ ***stenopetalum*** 'Ladylocks' A rounded evergreen azalea with light green, ovate, softly hairy leaves. Lovely large and fragrant lavender flowers completely cover this Polly Hill selection grown from Japanese seed. Formerly known as *macrosepalum*. Easy in sun or light shade.   
(0\R1\4) RSBG#1982/118 \$19.00


\_\_\_ ***vaseyi*** H&J#22060 Large upright deciduous azaleas with distinctive elliptic leaves tapering to a point at each end. Brilliant red fall foliage color in most regions. The widely funnel-shaped flowers (early to mid-spring) are strikingly beautiful in shape, poise and color. They range from pale pink to deep rose or rarely white. Although easily cultivated and quite common where it occurs naturally, the Pinkshell Azalea has a very limited range in the wild. It is an interesting species not closely related to any other *Rhododendron*. These are grown from seed collected in the wild. (-20\R1\5) RSBG#121sd2022 \$13.00-B 

\_\_\_ ***vedoense* var. *poukhanense*** This is a large rounded evergreen azalea (deciduous in colder climates) that is typically wider than high. The broadly funnel-shaped flowers (mid-spring) are rose to lilac-purple or rarely white. A tough and extremely adaptable species that I have seen thriving in climates as different as Atlanta, GA, Boston MA and here in the Pacific Northwest. A floriferous species with large showy flowers. Tolerant of sun or shade. Native to central and S Korea where it occurs in various habitats from 150 to 3,600 ft. This selection with rose-pink flowers. (-25\R1\3) RSBG \$27.00 

## VIREYA RHODODENDRONS

(Tropical, usually epiphytic rhododendrons best grown like orchids)

\_\_\_ ***alboruqosum*** A fantastic foliage plant. The deep green leaves are glossy with very deeply impressed veins – quite eye-catching. Pure white flowers on this shrubby species. Well worth growing for the foliage alone. (+32\R2\3) RSBG Large plants for \$27.00-B


\_\_\_ 'Aleksandr' Our first offering of this spectacular hybrid (*laetum* x *leucogigas*) x *aurigeranum*) which features massive pink flowers flushed yellow in the throat. Very attractive and bold foliage as well. (+32\R1\4) RSBG Large plants for \$39.00-B 


\_\_\_ ***blackii*** This species has rounded, almost sessile (appearing to lack a stem) leaves in whorls of three around the stems. The new growth is covered with golden brown scales and the tubular funnel-shaped flowers are deep red. Native to Papua New Guinea where it occurs terrestrially and occasionally epiphytically from 8,200 to 11,150 ft. (+32\R2\3) RSBG \$23.00-B


\_\_\_ ***celebicum*** Newly introduced into cultivation from Sulawesi. A great new addition to the selection of vireyas for the collector. Dwarf and very floriferous with tubular rose-pink flowers. (+32\R1\2) RSBG Large plants for \$32.00-B


\_\_\_ ***christi*** Evergreen shrubs with distinctive ovate leaves appearing in almost sessile whorls around the stem. The flowers are also quite unique in both shape and color. They are yellow on the curved tube and red on the lobes. One of the most charming and easily identified vireyas in cultivation. A widespread, typically epiphytic species native to New Guinea. Often incorrectly spelled *christii*. This clone collected in the wild. (+32\R2\2) RSBG \$23.00-B


\_\_\_ 'Craig Faragher' A hybrid (*gracilentum* x *jasminiflorum*) with narrow pink flowers. (+32\R1\2) RSBG \$17.00-B 


\_\_\_ ***cruttwellii*** This upright shrubby species has white, long and curved, trumpet-shaped fragrant flowers that hang in large clusters from the tips of the branches. Easily grown and flowers off and on throughout the year. (+32\R1\4) RSBG \$25.00-B 


\_\_\_ ***hyacinthosum*** Large tropical evergreen shrubs with broadly elliptic to ovate leaves. The white salverform flowers have a pink flush at the base and smell strongly of hyacinths. An attractive but very rare species in cultivation. Native to Papua New Guinea where it occurs both terrestrially and epiphytically from 5,900 to 7,500 ft. This clone features three inch long, fragrant white flowers strongly flushed pink on the tube and lobe margins. (+32\R2\4) RSBG#2017/023 Large plants for \$32.00-B 

\_\_\_ 'Iced Primrose' This is a spectacular hybrid (*aurigeranum* x *leucogigas*) which features huge flowers of pale yellow deepening to deep pink on the lobes. A stunning flower. (+32\R2\4) RSBG Only a few this year. \$39.00-B 


\_\_\_ ***kawakamii*** A dwarf and compact evergreen shrub with small obovate and smooth green leaves. The small but interesting yellow flowers are bell-shaped with widely flaring lobes. An unusual and relatively hardy species requiring excellent drainage. Native to Taiwan where it occurs as an epiphyte in rainforest from 6,000 to 8,500 ft. (+15\R2\2) RSBG \$15.00-B 


\_\_\_ ***konori* var. *konori*** A large shrub with a densely brown scaly lower leaf surface. The very large flowers are white flushed pink and very fragrant. One of the most impressive of all rhododendrons in flower. (+32\R2\4) RSBG#1999/283 \$32.00-B 



\_\_\_ ***laetum*** Large tropical evergreen shrubs or small trees (typically much smaller in cultivation) with shiny, deep green leaves. Very floriferous with large flowers of deep, pure yellow. Easily grown and extremely floriferous, this is one of the best vireyas for the beginner. (+32\R1\4) RSBG \$21.00-B 

\_\_\_ '**Little Bo Peep**' Our first offering of this hybrid (*macgregoriae* x *anagalliflorum*) which features masses of stary white flowers and small, shiny leaves. (+32\R1\2) **RSBG** \$21.00-B 



\_\_\_ '**Lucie Sorensen**' This *macgregoriae* hybrid features narrow glossy foliage with vivid yellowish-pink flowers. (+32\R1\4) **RSBG** \$17.00-B



\_\_\_ **majus** (formerly *maius*) Tropical evergreen shrubs with elliptic to elliptic-ovate leaves in pseudowhorls. The slightly curved, trumpet-shaped flowers are white, often with pink on the tube and quite fragrant. A rare but easily grown species in cultivation. Native to Papua New Guinea where it grows from 8,800 to 10,500 ft. This clone with fragrant white flowers flushed pink on the tube. (+32\R1\4) **RSBG#2017/068** \$17.00-B 


\_\_\_ '**Miss Muffet**' I can find very little information about this hybrid other than that it has glossy foliage and rose-purple flowers with narrow tubes. (+32\R1\3) **RSBG** \$17.00-B 


\_\_\_ **polyanthemum** A really spectacular species with stunning foliage and flowers. The new growth emerges densely covered with tan scales, quickly changing to a bright orange-brown for an extremely attractive appearance. The fragrant red-orange flowers are arranged in very large (softball-sized) clusters. (+32\R2\4) **RSBG** \$28.00-B  


\_\_\_ **radians** The small smooth leaves are arranged in whorls of three around the stems. The long and very narrow pure white flowers emerge from the most amazing buds, each reddish in color with long overlapping and reflexed bud scales and looking like small pineapples. This clone collected in the wild. (+32\R1\3) **RSBG#1997/063** \$19.00-B


\_\_\_ **rhodopus** A distinctive species with large and attractive highly fragrant white flowers. Our first offering of this very attractive plant. (+32\R2\3) **RSBG** \$37.00-B  


\_\_\_ **robinsonii** A rarely offered and stunning species with glossy foliage and pure, deep yellow flowers. This species is closely related to the widespread and variable *javanicum* and has similar large and showy flowers. Our first offering in over twenty years. (+32/R1/4) **RSBG#1983/066** \$29.00-B  



\_\_\_ **rushforthii** A newly named and introduced species from Vietnam with completely unique, smooth and elliptic **blue-gray foliage**. The small flattened, deep yellow flowers appear in arching umbels from the branch tips. A remarkable foliage plant that we have grown in the ground, exposed and unprotected in the garden, for the past several years. (+10\R1\3) **RSBG** \$17.00-B 


\_\_\_ '**Saxon Glow**' A *saxifragoides* hybrid. This is a very dwarf plant with deep green and glossy leaves and red flowers. (+32\  **RSBG** Large plants for \$17.00-B


\_\_\_ **sororium** **SEH#27018** This is a dwarf epiphytic evergreen shrub with thick and leathery, elliptic to oblong leaves. The small but bright yellow flowers hang singly or in pairs from the tips of the branches. They are bell-shaped with widely flaring lobes. This is one of several closely related taxa newly introduced from S Yunnan and adjacent N Vietnam. Many of these have only recently been described by botanists as new species. This species is visually distinguished from its close relatives by its very large leaves. Quite hardy for a vireya – we have had this planted out in the garden for many years with no damage. **Our largest-leaved form.** (+10\R1\2) **RSBG#2019/044** \$19.00-B 

\_\_\_ **species nova?** (formerly *poilanei*) **CDHM#14725** First introduction into cultivation. This is an almost prostrate species that I observed growing on vertical cliff faces and which has the strangest growth habit (for a vireya) of growing along the top of the container– both above and below the soil line - popping up and out on the edges (like a groundcover). Tiny glossy leaves and deep yellow single flowers. Should have quite a bit of hardiness. A very unique and distinct species. **NOTE: Formerly sold as *poilanei*.** (+10\R2\6 inches) **RSBG#174sd2012** \$19.00-B 

\_\_\_ **suaveolens** A distinctive species with attractive rounded and smooth green leaves in whorls flush against the stems. Long and narrow, highly fragrant white flowers in big, star-like clusters. A very attractive plant. (+25?\R2\3) **RSBG** \$27.00-B 

\_\_\_ **suaveolens** A distinctive species with attractive rounded and smooth green leaves in whorls flush against the stems. Long and narrow, highly fragrant pink flowers in big, star-like clusters. A very attractive plant. Our first offering of the choice and rare **pink-flowered** form of this beautiful species. (+25?\R2\3) **RSBG** \$37.00-B  

\_\_\_ **superbum** A superb (sorry) species with golden-brown scaled foliage and large, trumpet-shaped, white flushed pink flowers. Really stunning large fragrant flowers, a show-stopper. A form we received from Bovees Nursery that was collected in the wild. (+32\R2\3) **RSBG#2017/093** \$32.00-B 

\_\_\_ '**Tinkerbell**' Our first offering of this hybrid ('Irian Jaya' x *praetervisum*) that features clusters of pendant and long tubular rose-purple flowers. (+32\R1\1) **RSBG** \$19.00-B 

\_\_\_ **trancongi** This is a very recently discovered and newly named species. Similar to its close relative *R. rushforthii* and from the same general region, this new species differs in having green (vs. metallic blue) foliage. Similar long and relatively narrow leaves and deep yellow flowers in clusters and reddish new growth. Should have some hardiness in milder climates – we will be trying it outside here at the RSBG. (+10\R1\3) **RSBG** \$23.00-B

\_\_\_ **'Tropic Alpine Ruby'** A dwarf and relatively compact hybrid with dark red flowers. (+32\R1\1) **RSBG** \$14.00-B



\_\_\_ **tuba** This upright shrubby species has white flushed pink, long and curved, trumpet-shaped fragrant flowers that hang in large clusters from the tips of the branches. This easily grown vireya reliably produces its stunning flowers in early winter. The elliptic leaves are arranged in pseudo-whorls around the stem. Native to Papua New Guinea. (+32\R1\4) **RSBG** \$16.00-B



\_\_\_ **yonqii** This is a rarely offered species with very dark purplish-red flowers. George Argent writes that this species is easily cultivated and that the flowers “shine brightly like stained glass windows when viewed with the sun behind the flowers”. (+32\R1\2) **RSBG** \$29.00-B

## **HYBRID RHODODENDRONS**

**(A special selection of new and unusual or historically significant, or just hard-to-find hybrids from around the world)**

\_\_\_ **'Alice Eastwood'** A rarely offered hybrid in the variable *cinnabarinum* x *maddenii* complex. This is a large-growing hybrid with magnificent and very large flowers with widely flaring lobes. The flowers are deep rose-pink on the tube fading to pale pink (almost white) on the lobes with a deep yellow throat – very striking! (+10\R1\6) \$14.00-B

\_\_\_ **'Brambling'** One of the newer “bird hybrids” from Peter and Ken Cox at Glendoick in Scotland. This is a cross ('Razorbill' x *racemosum*) with very bright pink flowers in multiple clusters in mid-spring. Very fine dark foliage and highly rated. (-5\R1\4) \$21.00



\_\_\_ **'Carmen'** A classic and beloved dwarf hybrid. This Rothschild cross (*sanguineum* ssp. *didymum* x *forrestii*) is dense and compact, growing wider than high with attractive foliage and stunning, waxy, dark red flowers in mid-spring. Best in light shade/morning sun with excellent drainage. One of only a few hybrids I provide space for in my own (small) private garden. (0\R2\1) \$21.00



\_\_\_ **'Contina'** This is a fantastic hybrid (*concinnum* 'Chief Paulina' x *augustinii* 'Barto Blue') with striking flowers of intense, deep red-purple favoring the purple. One of the most commented upon plants in the entire garden when in blossom. (-5\R1\6) \$23.00



\_\_\_ **'Crane'** Another excellent Glendoick hybrid (*keiskei* 'Yaku Fairy' x *racemosum* 'White Lace'). This very hardy dwarf selection has masses of pure creamy-white flowers emerging from pale yellow buds in mid-spring (basically a white version of 'Ginny Gee'). A floriferous and easily grown cultivar - best in sun or light shade. (-5\R1\2) \$18.00



\_\_\_ **'Eldorado'** An interesting Rothschild hybrid between two fine species - *valentinianum* and *johnstoneanum*. This is a floriferous plant with attractive and hairy foliage and bright yellow flowers covered with brown scales in late spring. (+5\R1\3) \$19.00




\_\_\_ **'Ever Red'** This is a new and highly sought after hybrid from Ken Cox of Glendoick. This low-growing and compact plant has leaves that are dark reddish-purple and shiny on both surfaces – stunning. The dark red-purple flowers are rather sparsely produced but quite attractive when they appear. However, nobody is going to grow this outstanding foliage plant for its flowers! Best out of the hottest sun but quite adaptable and striking if placed on a wall or similar situation where the leaves can be viewed with the sun shining through. (0\R1\2) \$38.00


\_\_\_ **'First Blush'** A RSBG introduction. This is a plant that was brought to the RSBG from one of the old British collections many, many years ago as the species *tanastylum*. It obviously is not that species and is instead, probably a hybrid of *barbatum* x *arboreum*. We have long admired this plant for its beautiful and long-lasting flowers that appear quite early in the season, well before most other rhododendrons. This cultivar is often in bloom for four to five weeks beginning in early March. It bears a large rounded inflorescence of bright “pink-purple” flowers (even after all these years, I still cannot adequately describe the unusual color of the flowers!) set atop whorls of deep green foliage. The bark, while not quite as smooth and glossy as that of its parent *barbatum*, is still quite attractive. The name of this cultivar is a bit of a play on words relative to the reputation of our organization, among other things. (0\R1\4) **RSBG** \$36.00





\_\_\_ **'Fragrantissimum Improved'** While this recently introduced hybrid is similar to the famous, but exceedingly leggy and sprawling 'Fragrantissimum' that has been around for well over 100 years, it is actually a vastly superior plant in the garden or in a container. It is much more compact in habit with very large and colorful, white flushed pink flowers. These have a yellow flush in the throat and are extremely fragrant. A beautiful container plant near a door or window. Attractive hairy foliage with deeply impressed veins. **CHOICE!** (+10\R1\4) Large plants for \$29.00





\_\_\_ **'Glendoick Petticoats'** A new hybrid with uniquely-colored and frilled, red-throated apricot flowers. A medium-growing plant, tolerant of sun or shade. A stunning blossom color and one of the most asked about plants in the garden when in flower. (-10\R1\4) \$26.00 


\_\_\_ **'Glendoick Ruby'** A new semi-dwarf hybrid with stunning, large, waxy-red flowers with a large calyx of the same color and no stamens. Shiny foliage with a thin buff indumentum on the lower surface of each leaf. A nice compact grower – one of the best of the new Glendoick hybrids in my opinion. (0\R2\2) \$29.00 


\_\_\_ ***griffithianum* x *huanum*** This is a hand-pollination done here at the RSBG utilizing one of our darkest purple forms of *huanum* combined with our hardiest form of *griffithianum* in an attempt to develop either a fragrant and large flowered purple or a more intensely colored 'Loderi' type. Either outcome would be quite outstanding. Please let us know how your plant survives and what the flowers look like when it blooms. (0? \R1\5) \$26.00 


\_\_\_ ***griffithianum* x *maoerense*** This is a hand-pollination done here at the RSBG utilizing *maoerense* for its large and intensely colored deep lavender pink flowers combined with our hardiest form of *griffithianum* in an attempt to develop a good solid pink and relatively hardy "Loderi"-type. Please let us know how your plant survives and what the flowers look like when it blooms. (-5? \R1\7) \$23.00 


\_\_\_ **'Lady Chamberlain'** A classic Rothschild hybrid. This selection was made from the cross *cinnabarinum* (Roylei Group) x 'Royal Flush Group' which actually makes it three-quarters *cinnabarinum*. The tubular-funnel shaped flowers are pendulous in shades of orange and the foliage is bright glaucous blue. Now rarely seen in gardens. (+5\R1\5) \$36.00 


\_\_\_ **'Loch Awe'** A new large-leafed hybrid from Glendoick. This is the result of the cross 'Percy Wiseman' x *macabeanum*. Large leaves with a thin indumentum beneath. Early-blooming with flowers pink in bud opening pale yellow and fading to cream with a suffusion of peach/melon and red spots – quite stunning. (0\R1\6) \$36.00 


\_\_\_ **'Loderi Irene Stead' x 'Loderi Venus'** These are seedlings grown from a hand-pollination done here at the RSBG utilizing the two best pink forms of the 'Loderi' grex. 'Irene Stead' is a fine solid pink New Zealand selection that does not fade to white as most 'Loderi' forms tend to do, and 'Venus' is considered by many to be the best of the more commonly grown pink forms. I would imagine these plants will turn out to be pretty good pink forms of 'Loderi' - please let us know how your plant survives and what the flowers look like when it blooms. (-5? \R1\7) \$38.00 


\_\_\_ **'Marie Hoffman'** This very fragrant hybrid deciduous azalea is most often seen listed as a selection of the species *prinophyllum*. While it probably does have a bit of that fine east coast native in its background, it most definitely is not a straight species. It is, however, a superb and floriferous garden plant with large pink flowers with a strong yellow flush. Easy in sun or light shade. (-25\R1\5) \$27.00 


\_\_\_ **'Merganser'** Another really terrific Glendoick dwarf hybrid (*campylogynum* (white form) x *luteiflorum*). This selection forms a compact mound with dark green foliage showing off the masses of pendant yellow bells in mid-spring. Looks like a larger growing form of *campylogynum* with yellow flowers – fantastic. Best in morning sun or light shade. (0/R1/2) \$28.00 


\_\_\_ **'Molten Gold'** A medium-growing hybrid with pinkish-purple flowers in mid to late spring. This plant is admired and grown for its strikingly variegated foliage with the green leaves boldly and broadly streaked with bright yellow. Easily grown and best in light shade to avoid foliar scorching. (-10? \R1\3) \$28.00 


\_\_\_ **'Moon Orchid'** This is a *maddenii* x *cinnabarinum* type hybrid from Mark Jury in New Zealand. With large and slightly fragrant, pale cream-yellow flowers flushed rose-peach on the tube and glossy green foliage, this is a great plant for milder or protected locations. Also a reliable bloomer and fine for many years in a container in colder climates. (+10\R1\6) \$26.00 


\_\_\_ **'Moonstone'** A semi-dwarf hybrid (*campylocarpum* ssp. *campylocarpum* x *williamsianum*) that features rounded leaves and creamy-yellow flowers, sometimes flushed pink, in early spring. Sun tolerant and quite lovely with delicately colored flowers. (0\R1\3) \$28.00 


\_\_\_ **'Moth'** A rare and unusual hybrid (*megeratum* x *boothii*) with dark glossy green foliage and trusses of bright yellow flowers with red-brown spots. Dwarf compact habit, great in a container. Award of Merit winner and well deserved. (+10\R2\2) \$22.00 

\_\_\_ **'Peter Bee'** A compact, very dwarf evergreen shrub with small smooth green leaves. The flowers are bright yellow and produced in profusion in mid-spring. This is a selection from a cross made by Warren Berg (*hanceanum* 'Nanum' x *keiskei* 'Yaku Fairy'). It was selected by Peter Cox during a visit with Warren who then decided on this name to commemorate his longtime friend. (-10\R1\1) \$21.00 


\_\_\_ **'Pintail'** A Glendoick "Bird" hybrid (*racemosum* x 'Snipe') with flowers of brightest pink in multiple trusses from the upper leaf axils in early spring. A fairly compact but upright grower with small medium-green leaves. Easy and floriferous. Best in sun. (-5\R1\3) \$17.00 


\_\_\_ **'Plover'** This is one of the finest of the Glendoick "Bird Hybrids". This is described on the Glendoick website as "The first deep pink dwarf with significant scent suitable for growing outdoors at Glendoick". It has smallish, hairy and bullate foliage with beautiful flowers in mid-spring. A great new plant (*edgeworthii* x *dendrocharis*). (0?R1\2) \$26.00 


\_\_\_ **'Ptarmigan'** Another Glendoick hybrid in the "Bird Series", this fine dwarf has a spreading and creeping habit with masses of pure white flowers which open over several weeks in early spring. This FCC plant is the result of *leucaspis* x *orthocladum* var. *microleucum*.  Best in full sun or very light shade. (0R1\2) \$24.00


\_\_\_ **'Quail'** Another excellent Glendoick hybrid (*keiskei* 'Yaku Fairy' x *glaucophyllum*). This very hardy dwarf selection has masses of bright red buds opening to deep reddish-pink flowers (quite red in appearance which is something you rarely see in a dwarf rhododendron). Very free flowering and best in light shade. A floriferous and easily grown cultivar. (0R1\2) Large plants for \$32.00 


\_\_\_ **'Rose Mangels'** This is a selection from the *cinnabarinum* x *maddenii* complex of hybrids and is probably a selection from the 'Royal Flush' grex. A strong grower with very large flowers of pinkish-red. Really stunning in flower. (+10R1\5) Large plants for \$14.00-B


\_\_\_ **'Salmon Trout'** A cultivar in the 'Lady Chamberlain' grex (*cinnabarinum* Roylei Group x 'Royal Flush' (orange)). This selection from Rothschild has the large tubular pendant flowers characteristic of this group, salmon-pink in this instance. Basically, an easily-grown and giant-flowered *cinnabarinum*. (+5R2\5) \$16.00-B 


\_\_\_ **'Swift'** A hybrid in the "Bird series" produced at Glendoick Nursery in Scotland. This is a cross between *mekongense* and *ludlowii* which features deep yellow flowers strongly spotted with red in late spring. A fine dwarf yellow and best in full sun in cool climates. (-10R1\3) \$23.00 


\_\_\_ **'Tessa Roza'** A semi-dwarf hybrid ('Praecox' x *moupinense*) with large bright pink flowers in early spring. A vigorous grower with reddish-bronze bark and shiny foliage. (-5R1\3) \$21.00 


\_\_\_ **'Trewithen Orange'** A fine hybrid with clear orange, "cinnabarinum-like" flowers and blue-green foliage. One of the best of the *maddenii/cinnabarinum* hybrids ('Full House' x *concatenans*). Seems to be much less susceptible to powdery mildew than most of the other clones in this group and blooms quite a bit earlier in the season, often in early April. (+5R1\5) \$16.00-B 


\_\_\_ **'Turacao'** Another of the fabulous "Bird hybrids" from Glendoick. This is a cross between *keiskei* 'Yaku Fairy' and *scabrifolium* var. *spiciferum* with an abundance of bright pink flowers and a compact, mounding habit. (0?R1\2) \$19.00 


\_\_\_ **'Vanessa Pastel'** A famous Aberconway hybrid with cream colored flowers flushed pink with a red throat in late spring. An Award of Merit selection from the Royal Horticultural Society. (+5R1\5) \$24.00 

\_\_\_ **'Waxbill'** A dwarf Glendoick hybrid (*keiskei* 'Yaku Fairy' x *spinuliferum*) with pale pink tubular flowers and bronzy new growth. A strong grower but remains compact. Wider than high in habit. An excellent new hybrid with very unusual flowers. (0R1\2) \$17.00 

\_\_\_ **'Wheatear'** A dwarf Glendoick hybrid (*keiskei* 'Yaku Fairy' x *spinuliferum*) with deep pink tubular flowers and bronzy new growth. A strong grower but remains compact and wider than high in habit. An excellent new hybrid with very unusual flowers. (0R1\2) \$17.00 

\_\_\_ **'Wine & Roses'** An excellent new hybrid from Ken Cox at Glendoick. This is a semi-dwarf, very compact-growing hybrid with glowing pink flowers in rounded trusses in mid-spring. The leaves are brightly reddish-purple beneath and the new growth is bronzy. A beautiful, very free-flowering and distinct foliage plant which Ken considers "the best of the dwarf hybrids with red leaf-undersides and the only one so far with pink flowers". Easily grown but best out of the hot afternoon sun. (0R1\3) \$24.00 

\_\_\_ **'Youthful Sin'** (Yunncinn Group) A fantastic hybrid between *yunnanense* and *cinnabarinum*. This beautiful cross was made by Lord Aberconway and features rhodamine-purple, tubular bell-shaped flowers in abundance (late spring). As you would expect, this is an upright-growing and vigorous plant. Best in full sun or light shade. (0R1\6) \$24.00 


\_\_\_ ***yuefengense* x *griffithianum*** This was a hand-pollination done here at the RSBG which will hopefully result in a 'Loderi' type plant with a more compact habit, rounded leaves, and with flowers later in the season. Should be a late spring to early summer bloomer and probably in shades of pink. Ken Cox did this same cross and said the results were outstanding. (0R1\3) \$22.00 



## COMPANION PLANTS


(A unique selection of interesting plants,  
many representing new introductions from the wildest regions of the world)



## “Hardy” Gesneriads



I have long had a strong interest in the Gesneriaceae (the African Violet/*Streptocarpus*, etc. family), especially those few genera and species that are cold tolerant enough for cultivation outside in a rockery or woodland garden in our maritime Pacific NW climate. This interest was strongly boosted in 2010 while botanizing in Guizhou, China. We were at about 7,000 ft. near the top of an extremely floristically rich mountain called Leigong Shan. Growing there were many hardy plants such as *Rhododendron fortunei* ssp. *fortunei*, maples, oaks, magnolias, conifers, etc. etc. Growing with these reliably hardy genera we noted specimens of what were obviously members of the Gesneriaceae growing on vertical, moss-covered cliffs. It seemed likely that these plants (which turned out to be *Oreocharis auricula*) would probably be hardy, at least in the Pacific Northwest, and so they have proven to be. Following this observation, we have been collecting, propagating and evaluating temperate members of this incredibly variable family and using them in the garden amongst the other temperate plants in our collection just as they are observed in the wild. Most of these require moist but well-drained soil in filtered light or at least in a location out of the hottest sun. Most of my hardiness ratings are estimates based on the native range/elevation and/or our experience here in the garden. NOTE: We have many additional selections in production. These should be available in the near future. Plants are in 4-inch containers unless stated otherwise. Most should bloom within a year.



\_\_\_ ***Aeschynanthus buxifolius*** A pendulous evergreen perennial related to African Violets. The small, firm leaves are lanceolate in shape and a deep glossy green, hanging in pairs on the long and pendant branches. The deep orange-red flowers are curved in shape and produced in abundance in early autumn. Best in a hanging basket or on an old stump (in milder gardens). Can also be grown as a houseplant. This has been the most cold hardy species in the genus for me so far. (+10?) **RSBG** \$14.00-B 

\_\_\_ ***Briggsia rosthornii*** CDHM#14649 A member of the Gesneriaceae (a relative of the African Violet). This is an herbaceous perennial with a basal rosette of deeply rugose, toothed and felted leaves from which arises a very short stem with one or two very large, inflated “snapdragon-like” flowers of cream flushed pink with masses of darker spots within. A striking plant for a container, terrarium or shaded rockery (in a mild climate). I am pretty sure this is the first introduction of this species into cultivation. It was found growing with beech, rhododendrons, magnolias, etc. so should have some hardiness. (+5?) **RSBG** \$21.00  


\_\_\_ ***Briggsia speciosa*** (ex. SEH#) A member of the Gesneriaceae (African Violet family) native to south-central China where it grows on mossy cliffs and rock faces. This is an evergreen herbaceous perennial with a basal rosette of deeply rugose, toothed and felted leaves from which arises a very short stem with several very large, inflated “snapdragon-like” flowers of deep blue-purple. The flowers are quite large for the size of the plant, a real stunner! A striking plant for a container, terrarium or shaded rockery. Should be quite hardy, I have had this in the garden (unprotected) for many years now. Probably the most spectacular wild gesneriad I have ever observed in the wilds of China. (0?) **RSBG** \$21.00 


\_\_\_ ***Lysionotus hagiangensis*** YuGu#049 A member of the Gesneriaceae (African Violet family) native to the China/Vietnam frontier where it grows on mossy cliffs and as an epiphyte in trees. This is an evergreen herbaceous perennial with slowly creeping and pendulous stems lined with pairs of small, softly fuzzy leaves that are broadly elliptic-ovate in shape and with various amounts of cream variegation along the mid-rib. This collection features large “snapdragon-like” flowers of soft yellow – absolutely stunning. Very new to cultivation. A favorite genus personally, I grow the various different species in moss-lined orchid baskets so the creeping stems can emerge from the sides and bottom. This collection has survived being frozen solid for a week in a hanging basket in my backyard – amazing. NOTE: This was previously sold as *L. petelotii* which was the closest known taxon this collection would key to in the flora. It has recently been given specific status as a newly described species from this previously relatively unexplored region. (+5?) **RSBG** \$17.00-B  


\_\_\_ ***Lysionotus petelotii*** YuGu#080 A member of the Gesneriaceae (African Violet family) native to the China/Vietnam frontier where it grows on mossy cliffs and as an epiphyte in trees. This has narrow leaves that are glossy and deeply toothed. The glossy flowers are white with a purple flush. Very new to cultivation. A favorite genus personally, I grow the various different species in moss-lined orchid baskets so the creeping stems can emerge from the sides and bottom. This collection has survived being frozen solid for a week in a hanging basket in my backyard – amazing. (+5?) **RSBG** Large, blooming-size plants for \$13.00-B  

\_\_\_ ***Lysionotus petelotii*** JSM# A member of the Gesneriaceae (African Violet family) native to the China/Vietnam frontier where it grows on mossy cliffs and as an epiphyte in trees. This has narrow leaves that are glossy and deeply toothed. The glossy flowers are purple. Very  


new to cultivation. A favorite genus personally, I grow the various species in moss-lined orchid baskets so the creeping stems can emerge from the sides and bottom. This collection is visually quite different from YuGu#080 in that the JSM# has leaves with a much thinner texture and they are more ovate in shape with a more strongly toothed margin. **Our first offering of this clone.** (+15?) **RSBG** \$17.00-B


\_\_\_ **Petrocosmea cryptica** A member of the Gesneriaceae (African Violet family) native to China where it grows on mossy cliffs and rock faces. This is an evergreen herbaceous perennial with a very tight basal rosette of shiny and softly hairy, toothed and felted leaves from which arises very short stems topped with small white “snapdragon-like” flowers. A striking plant for a container, terrarium or shaded rockery. (+15?) **RSBG** \$21.00 


\_\_\_ **Petrocosmea ‘Helena’** A genus in the Gesneriaceae (African Violet family) native to China where the many species grow on mossy cliffs and rock faces. This is an evergreen herbaceous perennial with a very tight basal rosette of small, rounded, pleated and felted leaves covered with silvery hairs. The small lavender flowers are borne profusely on the short, upright stems. A striking plant for a container, terrarium or shaded rockery. (+15?) **RSBG** \$16.00 



\_\_\_ **Tremacron aurantiacum** (now probably better known as *Oreocharis pankaiyuae*) One of my favorite hardy gesneriads, this species has a basal rosette of evergreen leaves like most of the other genera we are discussing here. This species features foliage that is quite fleshy and glossy and extremely rugose in texture – a stunning foliage plant. The flowers are in upright, open clusters and are bright yellow with a narrow mouth. Seems pretty hardy so far in our garden. (+10?) **RSBG** \$22.00 



**The Genus Primulina** – This is a large temperate genus in the Gesneriaceae with over 100 species native primarily to limestone regions of southern China and adjacent northern Vietnam. All species are perennial herbs and most are evergreen with rather leathery, often patterned leaves in a basal rosette and with attractive flowers, making them ideal for cultivation. Most of these were formerly included in the genus *Chirita*. New species are being discovered and described every year and there are also hundreds of hybrids to choose from. *The Gesneriad Reference Web* on the internet is a useful guide to the species and hybrids of *Primulina* and the other genera in cultivation in the Gesneriaceae.

\_\_\_ **Primulina baishouensis** A member of the Gesneriaceae (African Violet family) native to China where it grows on mossy cliffs and rock faces. This is an evergreen herbaceous perennial with a basal rosette of softly hairy leaves that have an attractive blue-green sheen, especially noticeable when young. The flowers are borne upon short upright stems and have white tubes with purple lobes and a yellow throat. The flowers are quite large in relation to the overall size of the plant. A striking plant for a container, terrarium or shaded rockery. (+15) **RSBG** \$17.00 

\_\_\_ **Primulina dryas** A member of the Gesneriaceae (African Violet family) native to China where it grows on mossy cliffs and rock faces. This is an evergreen herbaceous perennial with a basal rosette of softly hairy leaves featuring white marbling in the veins providing a stunning display of variegated foliage. The flowers are borne upon short upright stems and are blue and white in color. A striking plant for a container, terrarium or shaded rockery. (+15) **RSBG** Blooming-size plants \$19.00 

\_\_\_ **Primulina linearicalyx** This is a distinct species native to Guangxi, China where it grows on mossy cliffs and rock faces. This is an evergreen herbaceous perennial with a basal rosette of softly hairy, long and very narrow leaves with deeply impressed veins. Rosettes of leaves are borne on short stems so that the plant slowly creeps to form a dense mass. The flowers are borne on short stalks with lavender-blue lobes and a paler tube. A striking plant for a container, terrarium or shaded rockery. This taxon is known from only one small population in the wild and is considered critically endangered. (+15) **RSBG** \$17.00 

\_\_\_ **Primulina shouchengensis** Our first offering of this species native to Guangxi, China where it grows on mossy cliffs and rock faces. This is an evergreen herbaceous perennial with a basal rosette of softly hairy, dark blue-green and narrowly oblanceolate leaves. The large flowers are lavender-blue with white and yellow in the throat. The flowers are quite large in relation to the overall size of the plant. A striking plant for a container, terrarium or shaded rockery. This taxon is known from only two small populations in the wild and is considered critically endangered. (+15) **RSBG** \$17.00  

\_\_\_ **Primulina ‘Atsuko’** This hybrid features softly hairy, quite large foliage with very large blue-purple flowers with a white throat. One of the most spectacular of all the *Primulina* hybrids - and no, it was not named after our admittedly famous Nursery Manager. (+15?) **RSBG** \$17.00  

## **AND NOW SOME NOT SO HARDY (BUT STILL REALLY AWESOME) GESNERIADS**

\_\_\_ **Aeschynanthus species NAPE#008** Pendulous perennial related to African Violets. The firm and narrow glossy leaves hang in pairs on the pendant branches. Bright red shiny calyces open to reveal a long tubular orange-red flower with spots in the mouth, very striking.

Best in a hanging basket or on an old stump (in milder regions). It can also be used as a houseplant. This collection from the eastern Himalaya. (+15) **RSBG** \$9.00-B

\_\_\_ ***Aeschynanthus tengchungensis*** JN#11049 This is a pendulous perennial plant distantly related to African violets but with bright orange-red, long-tubular flowers. It is a member of the genus that gives us the “lipstick plant” - a common houseplant grown in hanging baskets. This epiphytic species is native to the Myanmar/Yunnan Frontier where it grows hanging from the trunks of trees alongside *Agapetes* spp. and orchids. This very distinctive species has long and linear but very thick and leathery leaves in pairs along the pendulous stems. I am growing it in a hanging basket and it looks great. Probably fine as a houseplant or in mild regions on an old log or stump where its pendulous branches can hang down. (+20) **RSBG** \$12.00-B



## FERNS

A selection of interesting and rarely cultivated ferns for the collector and the hard-core fern enthusiasts. Most of these are originally sourced from the wild and the majority are what I call “non-ferny” ferns, i.e. they do not look like what most people think of when you mention “fern”.

\_\_\_ ***Oleandra wallichii*** SEH# Our first offering of this fern which spreads via long aboveground rhizomes. The bright green fronds are softly hairy and up to one foot in length. These long-lanceolate and deciduous fronds have entire (not dissected or “fern-like”) margins that are strongly undulate, very attractive. A stunning groundcover for mild regions, I grow it in a hanging moss-lined basket so that the rhizomes pop out through the entire basket. Native from the eastern Himalaya into China and south into Thailand where this species grows on damp rock faces and cliffs or as an epiphyte. My collection from SE Asia. (+5?) **RSBG** \$49.00



\_\_\_ ***Polypodium formosanum*** The “Caterpillar Fern” is a slowly creeping fern native to eastern Asia where it grows epiphytically in trees and on rocks. The fronds are semi-deciduous (in colder climates) and up to a foot or so in length. The new growth emerges a pale blue-green and the smooth-edged pinnae (leaflets) have undulate margins. The creeping stem is green and looks rather like a smooth caterpillar, thus the common name. Great in a hanging basket where it will eventually completely cover the entire basket. A stunning foliage plant with a great texture and striking appearance. These are divisions of a plant collected wild in Taiwan. (+20?) **RSBG** Gallon-size plants for \$37.00



\_\_\_ ***Pyrrhosia angustissima*** SEH#15123 Our first offering of this hardy evergreen fern with softly hairy and entire (not ferny) linear foliage. This is a slowly spreading species with elongating rhizomes that will form a small-scale ground cover with time. The fronds are very narrowly linear (almost grasslike) and less than one-quarter inch wide and three to four inches long. This species is native throughout much of China and into Taiwan, Japan and Thailand where it occurs on shaded and moist rock faces and as an epiphyte. A great specimen for container gardening, rarely available anywhere. My collection from SE Asia. (0?) **RSBG** \$32.00-B



\_\_\_ ***Pyrrhosia davidii*** SEH#27040 Our first offering of this hardy evergreen fern with softly hairy and entire (not ferny) foliage. This is a slowly clumping species with shortly elongating rhizomes (vs. many of the other species of *Pyrrhosia* which send out long runners) which will form a small-scale ground cover with time. The fronds are widest above the middle with a gradually narrowing base. This variable species ranges widely throughout most of China and Taiwan and into the eastern Himalaya where it occurs on shaded and moist rock faces and as an epiphyte. A great specimen for container gardening, rarely available anywhere. My collection from SE Asia. (0) **RSBG** \$32.00-B



\_\_\_ ***Pyrrhosia linearifolia*** Our first offering of this hardy evergreen fern with softly hairy and entire (not ferny) linear foliage. This is a slowly spreading species with elongating rhizomes that will form a small-scale ground cover with time. The fronds are linear and less than one-half inch wide and three to four inches long. This species is native to low elevations in Taiwan, Korea, Japan and northeastern China (Jilin) where it occurs on shaded and moist rock faces and as an epiphyte. A great specimen for container gardening, rarely available anywhere. (+10?) **RSBG** \$32.00-B



\_\_\_ ***Pyrrhosia lingua*** SEH#12547 A slowly creeping evergreen fern with entire leaves (not dissected and “ferny” looking) that are lanceolate in shape and up to a foot or so in length. The foliage is quite thick and leathery and the lower leaf surface has a silvery-rufous indumentum. Slowly spreads by aboveground rhizomes and eventually forms a small-scale, very dense groundcover. Seems to be quite hardy here so far and best in shade. My collection from SE Asia, this clone is quite different in appearance from the typical form of this species seen in cultivation. (0?) **RSBG** \$39.00



\_\_\_ ***Pyrrhosia species*** SEH#15113 A slowly creeping evergreen fern with entire leaves (not dissected and “ferny” looking) that are rounded/obovate in shape with a long acuminate drip tip and are around four inches in length. The foliage is quite thick and leathery and the lower leaf surface has a silvery-rufous indumentum. The glossy upper surface features perfectly straight and parallel angled black veins. Slowly spreads by aboveground rhizomes and eventually forms a small-scale, very dense groundcover. Seems to be quite hardy here so far and best in shade. My collection from SE Asia. (0?) **RSBG** \$39.00



## OTHER COMPANION PLANTS


\_\_\_ *Agapetes cauliflora* SEH#27042 A white-flowered species with blue-green new foliage on long and arching, densely hairy stems. The pendulous tubular white flowers have green tips and are followed by red “blueberries”. We have had this outside for a few years, so it appears to be relatively hardy for this genus. This species is very similar in appearance to *A. malipoensis* but smaller-growing and with smaller leaves. (+10) RSBG \$16.00-B

\_\_\_ *Agapetes hookeri* SEH#15035 A stunning species which features beautiful foliage and flowers. The long arching stems are a bit more upright and stiff than most of the other *Agapetes* we grow. The broadly lanceolate leaves are up to four inches in length with strongly toothed margins. They are quite glossy and very bullate with deeply impressed veins – probably my favorite *Agapetes* for foliage interest. The striking pendant flowers of deep yellow hang in clusters from the leaf axils in late summer. A fantastic new introduction. Best in a hanging wire/moss basket or in an old stump or log in milder regions. (+15) RSBG \$28.00-B 🙌


\_\_\_ *Agapetes hosseana* ‘Red Elf’ A plant which is known in the trade as a selected form or hybrid of *Agapetes serpens*. We finally obtained cuttings a few years ago only to realize it is simply a very typical form of the lovely *Agapetes hosseana*, a species which we were already growing from seed collected wild in northern Thailand. This species has small, glossy and deep green, rounded–elliptic leaves arranged along long arching pendulous stems. The beautiful and interesting, narrowly tubular red flowers hang in clusters along the pendulous stems. The red flowers are highlighted by the brilliant deep green corolla lobes. *Agapetes* are epiphytic in the wild and best in a hanging basket or on an old stump. (+20) RSBG \$16.00-B

\_\_\_ *Agapetes malipoensis* SEH#27033 A white-flowered species with blue-green new foliage on long and arching, densely hairy stems. The pendulous tubular flowers have green tips and are followed by red berries. We have had this outside for a few years, so it appears to be relatively hardy for this genus. This species is very similar in appearance to *A. cauliflora* but larger-growing and with larger leaves. (+10) RSBG \$18.00-B 🙌

\_\_\_ *Agapetes rubrobracteata* SEH#27033 An evergreen epiphytic blueberry from the cloud forests of Asia. This species is more compact in growth than many of its epiphytic relatives. Glossy and small rounded leaves along the stems for a very dense habit and appearance. This unusual species has white tubular flowers enclosed by large, rounded, greenish-white bracts, very distinct. (+5?) RSBG Large blooming-size plants for \$31.00


\_\_\_ *Agapetes scortechinii* Another new species for our gardens. This is a species from the cloud forests of Malaysia that features long arching stems with thick and leathery, very glossy leaves that are rounded in shape and up to almost three inches in length. The tubular flowers are quite thick in texture and bright red in color, this matches the red swollen calyx – a very striking appearance. Relatively new to cultivation and a great addition to the palette of *Agapetes* species in cultivation. Our first offering. (+20) RSBG \$35.00-B 🙌 


\_\_\_ *Agapetes serpens* ‘Darjeeling Ruby’ SEH#15036 A rhododendron relative with small, glossy and deep green pointed leaves arranged along long arching stems. Beautiful and interesting tubular bright red flowers lined with darker red chevrons hang in clusters along the pendulous stems. Epiphytic in the wild and best in a hanging basket or on an old stump. One of my very favorite plants, always attracts attention. Somewhat drought tolerant once established and it is best to strongly pinch it back for the first couple of years. Native to the eastern Himalaya where it grows from the branches of large rhododendrons and other trees. A very fine and distinct ornamental. This is my own selection from the wild that differs from the original introduction that has been widely grown around the world for many years. This new selection has large and **very deeply colored blood-red flowers** that are much more “inflated” in shape (vs. the typical narrow tube). Quite distinct and a really spectacular new addition to our palette of *Agapetes* species and hybrids. (+15) RSBG \$23.00-B 🙌


\_\_\_ *Agapetes serpens* (“Bhutan flared”) A rhododendron relative with small, glossy and deep green pointed leaves arranged along long arching stems. Beautiful and interesting tubular and typically bright red flowers lined with darker red chevrons hang in clusters along the pendulous stems. Similar to the type but this selection reportedly with flared lobes on the corolla tube – note: we have not yet flowered this selection. (+15) RSBG \$19.00-B 


\_\_\_ *Agapetes smithiana* var. *major* SEH#25077 A rhododendron relative with small rounded, glossy and deep green leaves arranged along long arching stems. Deep yellow, urn-shaped flowers hang in clusters from late winter through mid-spring. Requires excellent drainage and makes a great display in a moss-lined hanging basket. A fantastic plant with an incredibly long season of bloom. (+15) RSBG \$19.00-B 🙌


\_\_\_ *Agapetes smithiana* var. *smithiana* SEH#15028 A rhododendron relative with small rounded, glossy and deep green leaves arranged along long arching stems. Deep yellow, urn-shaped flowers hang in clusters from late winter through mid-spring. Requires excellent drainage and makes a great display in a moss-lined hanging basket. This variety occurs in the eastern Himalaya to the west of var. *major* which is the variety we normally offer. It differs from var. *major* in its more bullate foliage and smaller flowers. (+15) RSBG \$21.00-B


\_\_\_ ***Agapetes species* AP#2018-96** Another new species for our gardens, this is a new collection from the temperate rainforests of the eastern Himalaya. The smooth leaves are narrowly elliptic and about two to three inches in length. The tubular flowers are dark yellow with contrasting dark red-purple chevrons on the tube, all highlighted by a large and dark red, very showy calyx. New to cultivation and a great addition to the palette of *Agapetes* species in cultivation. Our first offering. (+15) **RSBG** \$35.00-B 


\_\_\_ ***Agapetes species* SEH#25078** Another new species for our gardens. This is a pendulous and arching plant with bristly stems and bright red new growth. The small, smooth leaves are ovate and slightly toothed and the tubular flowers are a pleasant solid rose-red. New to cultivation and a great addition to the palette of *Agapetes* species in cultivation. (+15) **RSBG** \$18.00-B 


\_\_\_ ***Agapetes species nova* (aff. *griffithii/burmanica/miniata*) SEH#25065** An amazing *Agapetes* which I have observed growing epiphytically in the temperate rainforests of the eastern Himalaya. This species features much larger leaves and flowers than any other species we have seen or grown here at the RSBG. The large ovate leaves with a prominent midrib are up to six inches long on long arching stems from a large basal lignotuber (a woody, water storage organ). In late summer the pendulous tubular flowers appear in large hanging clusters of up to 20 flowers per cluster. These hang below the leaves and are deep pink with darker pink chevrons and deep green lobe tips on the ends of the corolla tubes. Each flower is around 4 cm in length! Easily the most stunning of any *Agapetes* we have grown or offered. (+20) **RSBG** \$23.00-B 


\_\_\_ ***Agapetes/Vaccinium species* SEH#25066** An interesting and beautiful “linking” or intermediate species between these two admittedly closely related genera. This has urn-shaped, bright white flowers with strongly contrasting red corolla margins followed by pure white “blueberries”. Shiny and deeply rugose tiny and rounded leaves on long arching, hairy stems. A staff favorite and destined to inspire one of the world’s greatest selling earrings when the appropriately skilled artisan can be located. Great in a clay container or moss-lined basket. (+20?) **RSBG** \$19.00-B 

\_\_\_ ***Agapetes ‘Orange Marmalade’*** This is only the second-ever hybrid *Agapetes* produced/offered for sale (‘Ludgvan Cross’ is the other). This is a selected form grown from seed produced by crossing *A. pyrrolifolia* with *A. smithiana* var. *major*. The abundantly produced flowers are orange in color with darker chevrons – a really attractive blossom. Requires excellent drainage and makes a great display in a moss-lined hanging basket. (+15) **RSBG** \$21.00-B 


\_\_\_ ***Agapetes ‘Lemon Marmalade’*** Our first offering of this new hybrid selection. This is a sister seedling to ‘Orange Marmalade’ but with lemon-yellow flowers with darker chevrons vs. orange. An abundant bloomer and a vigorous grower. Requires excellent drainage and makes a great display in a moss-lined hanging basket. (+15) **RSBG** \$24.00-B 


\_\_\_ ***Arisaema consanguineum*** A large and bold perennial arising from an underground tuberous rhizome in late spring. This is a magnificent plant in the landscape, with a large whorl of 10 to 20 leaflets atop a tall stem up to four feet in height. The leaves are dark green and may be marked with silver. The amazing flowers are the typical spathe and spadix which distinguishes this family of plants. In this particular species, the spathe is greenish with a long and narrow pendulous tip. The protruding, knob-like spadix is also green. Blooms in mid- to late summer. Plant the tubers two or three inches down (deeper in colder climates) in a moist and organic soil with good drainage. A stunning accent in the woodland garden or as a companion to rhododendrons. Spectacular tropical effect once established, especially when planted in groups. Native to China where it occurs in a wide variety of habitats. (-10) **RSBG** \$24.00-B 


\_\_\_ ***Arisaema sikokianum*** This woodland perennial “Jack-in-the-Pulpit” has to be seen to be believed. The deep purple glossy “hood” of the spathe surrounds the pure glistening white of the club-like spadix – a striking color combination. The plant rises to around one or two feet in height in early spring from an underground, tuber-like structure. In addition to the “out of this world” flowers, the foliage is often marked with silver streaking. Best in woodland conditions and soil (similar culture to trilliums, hostas, etc.). (-15) **RSBG** \$24.00-B 


\_\_\_ ***Arisaema taiwanense*** A fantastic woodland perennial “Jack-in-the-Pulpit.” This is a large species that can reach 4-5 ft. in height if provided with good soil and plenty of water during the growing season. The stem is mottled purple-brown and the whorled leaves are shiny and have a long terminal “drip tip.” The deep reddish-chocolate and glossy “hood” of the spathe appears below the narrow leaves. One of the easiest and most ornamental of the jack-in-the-pulpits. Best in woodland conditions and soil (similar culture to trilliums, hostas, etc.), we have had this in the garden for many years. (-15) **RSBG** \$18.00-B 



\_\_\_ ***Brassaiopsis hispida*** Another stunning and intriguing genus in the Araliaceae (ginsengs, scheffleras, aralias, etc.). This has the general appearance of a *Schefflera* species (an evergreen shrub or small tree with very large and ornamental leaves). This species features thorny stems and large and palmate, deeply lobed leaves with jagged margins. The flowers of *Brassaiopsis* are typically borne in long and pendulous chains of small “golf ball-like” clusters but I have not seen this particular species in flower. Native to lower elevation forests in the Sino-Himalaya and probably best as a container plant in areas prone to colder temps (less than 20F?). (+20?) **RSBG** \$23.00-B



\_\_\_ ***Camellia ‘Desire’*** Our first offering of this Award of Garden Merit camellia. This is a beautiful selection with large “formal double” flowers (no mass of stamens in the middle and the petals are very geometrically arranged) in mid-spring. The outer petals of the flowers are deep pink fading to pale pink and then white as you get closer to the center of the blossom. One of our favorites in the garden and rarely offered for sale. (-5) **RSBG** \$29.00 


\_\_\_ **Camellia 'E.G. Waterhouse'** A famous and very beautiful camellia with large and clear pink, "formal double" flowers (no mass of stamens in the middle and the petals are very geometrically arranged) in mid-spring. This is a *williamsii* hybrid and so the flowers drop off once they have finished. One of our favorites in the garden and rarely offered for sale. (-5) **RSBG** \$27.00 


\_\_\_ **Camellia 'Grace Albritton'** A stunning camellia with large "formal double" flowers (no mass of stamens in the middle and the petals are very geometrically arranged) in mid-spring. The coloring of this selection is quite lovely with the overall look of soft, clear pink with white overtones, especially toward the center. As with all of the japonicas we grow, the flowers drop off once they have finished. One of our favorites in the garden and rarely offered for sale. (-5) **RSBG** \$27.00 



\_\_\_ **Camellia japonica 'Alta Gavin'** A beautiful camellia with large, semi-double flowers verging to the formal double form. These appear in mid-spring and are two-toned, white suffusing to pink on the edges and are very elegant. The spent flowers shed quickly. Very glossy foliage, best in light shade. Quite lovely and uncommon in cultivation - it is said to be very cold hardy (for a camellia). (-5) **RSBG** \$27.00 


\_\_\_ **Camellia japonica 'Black Prince'** This selection features large semi-double flowers of dark blackish-red with dark red stamens. Very glossy foliage, best in light shade. Quite lovely and uncommon in cultivation. Our first offering. (0) **RSBG** \$29.00  


\_\_\_ **Camellia japonica 'Bob Hope'** One of the most striking camellias in our collection. This selection features very large and very dark red flowers in mid- to late spring. Very glossy foliage, best in light shade. Quite lovely and uncommon in cultivation. One of the most commented upon plants in the garden (when in flower). (0) **RSBG** \$31.00  

\_\_\_ **Camellia japonica 'Fashionata'** This selection features large semi-double flowers of bright apricot-pink highlighted by a central mass of golden stamens. The petals are "fashionably" curled and frilled and the spent flowers are quickly shed. Very glossy foliage, best in light shade. Quite lovely and uncommon in cultivation. (0) **RSBG** \$27.00 



\_\_\_ **Camellia japonica 'Hana Fuki'** A beautiful camellia with large, cup-shaped, semi-double, soft pink flowers in early spring. The spent flowers shed quickly. Very glossy foliage, best in light shade. Quite lovely and uncommon in cultivation - it is known in Japan as the "Flower of Crepe Paper" due to the texture of the petals. (0) **RSBG** \$27.00 



\_\_\_ **Camellia japonica 'Silver Triumph'** This selection features very large semi-double flowers of pure white with golden stamens. Very glossy foliage, best in light shade. Quite lovely and uncommon in cultivation. Our first offering. (0) **RSBG** \$27.00  


\_\_\_ **Cardamine trifolia** This species of bittercress forms a very low and slowly creeping evergreen groundcover. The foliage is palmate and quite leathery and the four-petaled flowers are produced in masses in mid-spring. Not invasive like many other species of bittercress and very popular with native bees when in flower. Native to Europe, this woodland perennial is best in shade. A really choice and diminutive groundcover. (-10) **RSBG** \$12.00-B 


\_\_\_ **Cassiope 'Askival'** The "white mountain heathers" as they are called, have small "whipcord" branches and white bell-shaped flowers. A beautiful and very slow-growing dwarf evergreen shrub, perfect in a trough or rock garden. This clone is from *C. wardii x fastigiata* with an upright habit, wooly stems and leaves and with masses of white flowers with contrasting bright red calyces. Morning or filtered sun and great drainage but adequate moisture for best results. (-10) **RSBG** \$27.00-B 


\_\_\_ **Chrysosplenium davidsonianum** A very unusual and rarely encountered evergreen groundcover for shade in a moist soil or with summer irrigation. The plant sends out long runners (not invasive!) that form new young plantlets (like a strawberry). In early spring, small inflorescences of deep yellow flowers are produced. Requires moist, organic soil and shade. (0) **RSBG** \$19.00


\_\_\_ **Clethra acuminata** (Cinnamon clethra) The southern Appalachian relative of the commonly cultivated Summersweet (*Clethra alnifolia*). This rarely grown deciduous shrub has similar panicles of **fragrant** white flowers in summer. Yellow fall foliage color. I particularly admire the glossy, smooth and peeling mahogany bark. Native to cliffs and mountainsides. Larger-growing than *C. alnifolia*. These are grown from seed collected wild in Kentucky. (-5) **RSBG#193sd2021** \$18.00  


\_\_\_ **Coptis laciniata** **SEH#** The cutleaf goldthread is a charming evergreen perennial native to the mountains of the Pacific NW. This slowly creeping groundcover spreads by means of bright yellow rhizomes - hence the common name. The finely cut, glossy and leathery foliage rises to only a couple of inches from the ground and the delicate flowers have narrow "threadlike" petals and are not particularly showy, but this is a beautiful small-scale groundcover. Best in woodland conditions. Our first offering. My collection from the now northernmost known population which was a pretty substantial range extension into central Washington. (-10) **RSBG** \$12.00-B  

\_\_\_ **Crinodendron hookerianum** This is a rarely grown evergreen shrub or small tree with dark green, narrow and toothed leaves and an upright habit. The amazing flowers appear in late spring on the ends of long pendulous stalks. They are large, bright red and urn-shaped with a very thick and fleshy texture, really quite stunning. To quote Bean "one of the most attractive of all shrubs". Native to temperate forests in S Chile. May suffer some damage in very cold winters but comes back rapidly from old wood or the roots. Best in light shade. (+5) **RSBG** \$26.00 



\_\_\_ **Curculigo crassifolia** A very unusual and quite striking evergreen perennial plant from the cloud forests of northern Vietnam. It features long and pleated, very fuzzy leaves with a very narrow, strap-like shape and up to four or more feet in length. The leaves are very beautifully arranged in a vase-like shape from the base. The yellow flowers are borne in a large and compact head that looks sort of like a small pineapple. Probably best as a stunning container specimen in all but the mildest climates. (+20?) **RSBG** \$17.00-B 




\_\_\_ **Cyathodes colensoi** An amazing dwarf “heath-like” alpine shrublet with tiny elliptic leaves of the strangest color, an almost metallic blue-gray. The undersides of the leaves are striped with white. Tiny white flowers in spring. This native of New Zealand is relatively easily grown but rarely seen in gardens. Very slow growing and best in a bright position with excellent drainage. Perfect for a trough or container. (0) **RSBG** \$19.00-B 




\_\_\_ **Desfontainia fulgens (syn: D. spinosa)** **HCM#98162** This is a rarely grown evergreen shrub with sharply toothed leaves that look exactly like those of your basic English Holly. Out of flower it is easily told from a holly by the opposite branching. The amazing flowers appear in late summer and are reminiscent of the orange and yellow bicolored flowers of *R. cinnabarinum* (Blandfordiiflorum Group). The long glossy blossoms are pendulous from the ends of the branches and quite long-lasting. A native of Chile and quite adaptable in our climate. Best in sun and a real knockout in flower. This clone, grown from seed collected wild by Dan Hinkley in Chile has flowers that are longer, narrower and an almost solid red compared to the typical form seen in gardens. (+5) **RSBG#2001/5014** \$34.00 


\_\_\_ **Dimorphanthera collinsii** **SEH#11060** This is a genus of shrubby plants native to New Guinea where they grow alongside their relatives in the Ericaceae – vireya rhododendrons, blueberries and *Gaultheria* spp. This genus is most closely related to blueberries (*Vaccinium*) but unlike their widespread and widely grown relatives, the various species of *Dimorphanthera* are rarely seen in cultivation. The flowers and fruit are very similar to those of a blueberry but on a vastly larger scale - with the flowers sometimes over two inches in length. These range in color from white to pink, red and bicolor. This species has solid red, glossy flowers. Best treated like a vireya with excellent drainage and protection from frost. (+32) **RSBG** \$19.00-B 


\_\_\_ **Embothrium coccineum** The Chilean Fire Tree is a stunning small evergreen tree native to temperate forests in Chile and adjacent parts of Argentina. It has narrow to elliptic foliage and a bushy but upright habit and features clusters of long and tubular red to orange flowers in late spring and early summer. It usually stays in flower for several weeks and is an absolute magnet for hummingbirds. Easy and tough once established and, like all members of the Proteaceae, you should avoid fertilizer, especially when grown in a container. (+5) **RSBG** \$26.00-B



\_\_\_ **Enkianthus chinensis (ex. CGG#14133)** A large deciduous shrub with panicles of very large bell-shaped white to cream or reddish flowers in late spring. The flowers are typically striped with red. Brilliant red fall foliage color. Easy and a stunner in sun or light shade. Perfect with its relative the rhododendron. This collection with showy, bright red woody fruits in the autumn. (0) **RSBG** \$21.00-B   


\_\_\_ **Erica arborea** This is our first offering of this evergreen “tree heath” which is a native over a very interesting range including southern Europe, N. Africa and into the foothills of the western Caucasus. Amazingly, it is also found in Abyssinia and on many of the higher mountains of eastern and central Africa (including Mt Kilimanjaro)! This forms an erect shrub or small tree with tiny linear leaves of deep glossy green. The small but quite fragrant white flowers appear in masses in mid-spring. This species has been cultivated here in the garden since 1994 and has never suffered any damage from cold temperatures. A beautiful and easily grown wild heath that deserves wider cultivation. (+5?) **RSBG** \$24.00-B   
  



\_\_\_ **Erica terminalis** This is our first offering of this evergreen “tree heath” which is a native of southern Europe. This forms an erect shrub or small tree with tiny linear leaves of deep glossy green. The small but clustered pale rose flowers appear in mid- to late summer. This species has been cultivated here in the garden since 1994 and has never suffered any damage from cold temperatures. A beautiful and easily grown wild heath that deserves wider cultivation. (+5?) **RSBG** \$24.00-B   
  



\_\_\_ **Eurya stenophylla var. stenophylla** **SEH#12542** First introduction into cultivation. This is a low and mounding evergreen shrub with the stems arching up and out from the base. These are lined with very glossy, very narrowly elliptic and toothed leaves. A really eye-catching habit and texture. Like all *Eurya*, this species is not very showy in flower, but it is really quite striking overall. I have observed this species many times in the wild in S China. It was always growing on mossy boulders in the middle of fast running streams – a most remarkable setting. (+15?) **RSBG** \$21.00-B 


\_\_\_ **Gaultheria species nova (?)** **SEH#29002** This is an evergreen shrubby species with very glossy and deeply bullate foliage – a very beautiful foliage plant with typical flowers and fruit for this widespread genus. This may well be a new species as it was found in an area of Asia that has been little explored by botanists and it does not key out to any known species from that region. The reddish new growth is another ornamental feature. NOTE: This still unknown taxon was formerly offered as *Vaccinium yaoshanicum* affinity. (0?) **RSBG** \$14.00-B 


\_\_\_ **Hedychium densiflorum (ex. KCSH#0386)** A stunning ginger-lily with a seven-inch long terminal raceme of fragrant deep orange “orchid-like” flowers in late summer. A bold foliage plant that will reach three or more feet in height. This is one of the hardiest species, we have large colonies (they spread slowly by rhizomes) scattered among the big-leaved rhododendrons that have sailed through the past few severe winters with no damage. These are grown from seed collected from plants grown from a wild collection in the eastern   



Himalaya. Very uniform and beautiful deep orange flowers in dense inflorescences. A great companion to rhododendrons. Sun or light shade, moist soil. (0) **RSBG** \$14.00-B


\_\_\_ ***Hedychium wardii*** A relatively hardy ginger-lily with a giant terminal raceme of large and deep yellow “orchid-like” flowers atop the broad and shiny deep green leaves in early autumn. This is a clumping perennial with the general appearance of a large orchid or small corn plant. One of the largest-flowered species in the genus. A bold foliage plant that will reach three or more feet in height when grown in light shade in a decent soil with some extra water during dry spells. Grown from seed collected from wild-collected plants. (0) **RSBG** \$14.00-B 

\_\_\_ ***Heloniopsis tubiflora*** ‘Temple Blue’ **BSWJ#956** Another great selection of this always ornamental genus. This woodland lily relative forms large basal rosettes of widely strap shaped evergreen leaves. In early spring the central flower spike emerges and elongates to about 10" topped off with a full head of bright blue flowers - stunning. Best in light shade with some moisture in the dry summer months. A very choice Korean wildflower. (-10) **RSBG** Blooming size plants for \$21.00 


\_\_\_ ***Huodendron tibeticum*** A rarely cultivated broad-leaved evergreen tree in the Styracaceae (Japanese Snowbell family). This forms an upright tree with incredibly smooth bark, from the twigs to the base of the trunk, even as a large, mature tree – very striking. Native to the Sino-Himalaya this rare tree has shiny evergreen foliage with terminal panicles of small, but fragrant, white flowers. Reported as hardy in a handful of gardens in SE USA so showing some promise in cultivation. Our specimen has been untouched by heat or cold since it was planted out several years ago. (0?) **RSBG** \$42.00 

\_\_\_ ***Hydrangea angustipetala*** ‘Golden Crane’ This is our first offering of this stunning species *Hydrangea* that features highly fragrant flowers (very unusual for a hydrangea!). The lacecap flowers (midsummer) feature showy white outer sterile florets (fading to yellow) surrounding creamy yellow inner florets. Protect from hot afternoon sun in most climates. Like any hydrangea, these can be cut back to reduce overall size. A selection from a Dan Hinkley collection in southern China. (-5) **RSBG** \$29.00 


\_\_\_ ***Hydrangea petiolaris*** The “climbing hydrangea” is a deciduous woody climbing vine with flattened corymbs of whitish to cream flowers in early summer. This species has aerial roots that will cling to trees or walls thus allowing it to climb without support. We have it planted on our large native Douglas firs in the garden and these have turned out to be spectacular specimens and real crowd pleasers. Protect from hot afternoon sun in most climates. Like any hydrangea, these can be cut back to reduce overall size. (-10) **RSBG** \$19.00 


\_\_\_ ***Hydrangea radiata*** **H&J#22035** This is a close relative of *H. arborescens*, differing primarily in the bright white, felted indumentum coating the lower surface of each leaf. A stunning foliage plant, especially when planted in a position where the flashy white leaf undersurfaces can be highlighted. These are grown from seed collected in the wild in the southern Appalachians. Protect from hot afternoon sun in most climates. Like any hydrangea, these can be cut back to reduce overall size. (-15) **RSBG#141sd2022** \$11.00-B 

\_\_\_ ***Hydrangea*** ‘Kardinal’ A rounded, upright, deciduous shrub with dark green, ovate serrated leaves. Masses of large, rich red to purple lace-cap flowers are produced from summer and right through the autumn when grown in acidic soils. More neutral or alkaline soils will produce pinker flowers. Protect from hot afternoon sun in most climates. Like any hydrangea, these can be cut back to reduce overall size. (-15) **RSBG** \$27.00

\_\_\_ ***Hydrangea*** ‘Lanarth’ This is a large deciduous shrub with distinctive lace-cap flowers. The flowerheads feature large white sterile flowers surrounding a mass of smaller bluish fertile flowers. The leaves are dark green in summer and change to maroon-purple in autumn. Protect from hot afternoon sun in most climates. Like any hydrangea, these can be cut back to reduce overall size. (-15) **RSBG** \$27.00 

\_\_\_ ***Ilex farqesii*** affinity (ex. **SEH#009**) An evergreen holly from China with beautiful glossy and finely toothed foliage (not spiny). Large clusters of deep red “holly berries” appear on female plants in late summer and last throughout the winter. One of my favorite hollies for both foliage and fruit display. As with most hollies, both male and female plants are necessary for fruit production. Even without fruit this is a fine foliage plant with shiny purple new growth. (-10) **RSBG** \$12.00-B 

\_\_\_ ***Illicium henryi*** A glossy-leaved evergreen shrub with an upright growth habit. A member of the “Star Anise” genus with delightfully fragrant foliage and stems. The red flowers (early summer) have numerous strap-shaped narrow petals followed by woody “star-shaped” fruit. Very interesting and attractive, however, this species of Star Anise cannot be used as a spice as it is slightly poisonous. **Tolerant of full sun or deep shade and also deer resistant!** (0) **RSBG** Large plants for \$32.00 

\_\_\_ ***Kalmiopsis leachiana*** Dwarf evergreen shrublets one to two feet in height. The small, oval to rounded leaves are deep green above, glistening glandular scaly beneath. The bell-shaped flowers (mid-spring) are rose to purplish red in terminal and axillary clusters. They are quite attractive and somewhat reminiscent of the flowers of *Kalmia*. Extremely rare in the wild, this plant was not discovered until 1930 when it was found in the Siskiyou Mountains of SW Oregon, USA where it occurs on boulders, cliffs and open slopes. Rare in cultivation, requiring extremely well-drained soil with bright light but protection from hot afternoon sun. These are cutting-grown from our own excellent clones in the RSBG Alpine Garden. These are dwarf and compact, floriferous, and seemingly long-lived forms which are referred to as the “Umpqua form”. (-5) **RSBG** \$34.00-B 

\_\_\_ ***Lapageria rosea*** Yes, this may be it, probably my very favorite plant, the Chilean Bellflower is a climbing evergreen vine with shiny and smooth foliage that twines its way up a trellis or into a shrub. Beginning in late summer, the pendulous and thickly-textured, waxy flowers begin to appear and these often continue into mid-winter. The beautiful flowers are typically rose-pink but range to deep red, pure white and even picotee. Not super hardy in much of the Pacific NW but fine in a sheltered spot near the water or in containers which can be brought in during the coldest days of winter (this is how I grow the many plants in my collection in West Seattle). Rarely offered, these are grown from hand-pollination of two excellent forms so no guarantee of color, but I have never seen a “bad” lapageria. Do some research on these if you are not familiar with the plant, also check out this website which features some of the parents of these seedlings.



<https://www.pacifichorticulture.org/articles/lapageria-rosea/> (+10) **RSBG** \$31.00-B

\_\_\_ ***Leucothoe keiskei*** A very rarely grown member of this ornamental genus. This has incredibly glossy, evergreen, heart-shaped foliage with long tapering tips. Bronze-red, shiny new foliage. The branching habit is pendulous, making it a perfect choice for a tall container or atop a rock wall. The white urn-shaped flowers are among the largest in the genus, especially in comparison with the smaller stature and foliage of this dwarf species. Native to Japan and a much nicer garden plant than its commonly grown relatives when space is limited. Best with some shade. (-15) **RSBG** \$26.00



\_\_\_ ***Leucothoe racemosa*** ‘Shooting Star’ Graceful deciduous shrubs with glossy foliage. Long racemes of pure white urn-shaped flowers from the ends of the branches in late spring. Good fall foliage color and with smooth and shiny blackish bark. Our own selection of this beautiful and rarely grown rhododendron relative grown from my collection in northern Virginia. This clone has longer racemes and a greater abundance of flowers than any other form I have seen. An underused shrub for light shade or sun. This was my favorite native deciduous shrub during my time as a horticulturist on the east coast. (-15) **RSBG** \$26.00



\_\_\_ ***Lilium pardalinum ssp. vollmeri*** SEH#16014 A species native to the west coast of the US where it typically occurs in moist sunny locations in the mountains of southern Oregon and adjacent NW California. This grows to two to four feet in height with “turk’s cap” type flowers of orange to reddish with spots in early summer. Easily grown in sun or light shade with some summer moisture. (-15) **RSBG** \$14.00-B



\_\_\_ ***Lonicera crassifolia*** SEH#085 An amazing groundcover honeysuckle. This evergreen runner is a non-invasive sub-shrubby vine that forms a completely prostrate mat of tiny, rounded and glossy leaves in pairs. The pink honeysuckle flowers emerge in early summer and quickly shift to a deep golden yellow. In foliage and habit, it is strongly reminiscent of *Mitchella repens*. From my collection in the Sino-Himalaya. Easy in sun or shade and perfect under rhododendrons and other shrubs and will even (very slowly!) climb trees if the bark is rough enough. (-10) **RSBG** \$14.00-B



\_\_\_ ***Macleania coccoloboides*** Our first offering of this “neotropical blueberry”. The genus *Macleania* is in the Ericaceae (along with blueberries, rhododendrons, heathers, etc.) and they grow as epiphytes in the Andean cloud forests of South America. This species, native to Ecuador, features masses of “agapetes-like” red tubular flowers with white on the ends of the tubes. Large and glossy, rounded evergreen foliage. This is best treated in cultivation like an *Agapetes* or vireya *Rhododendron*. (+32?) **RSBG** \$39.00-B



\_\_\_ ***Magnolia globosa*** (ex. GR#0846) A very rarely seen or offered species magnolia with spectacular flowers. A close relative of the more widely grown species *M. sieboldii* and *M. wilsonii*, this species is native further to the west in the Himalayas and adjacent regions of SW China. As with those well-known species, *M. globosa* produces its pendant white flowers in early summer. The flowers of this species are much larger than its close relatives however and often have a slight pink tinge to the margins of the tepals. The leaves are also much larger and coated with long silky, golden-brown hairs beneath. A rare chance to have a very spectacular plant. This forms a large spreading shrub to small tree and is great when planted near a path so that you can walk underneath the fragrant pendant flowers. SUPERB! (0) **RSBG** \$28.00-B (This species was offered for something like \$85 by a famous magnolia nursery recently – and they sold out immediately!)



\_\_\_ ***Magnolia macrophylla ssp. ashei*** Upright deciduous trees (really a very large shrub) up to around 30 feet in height. This deciduous magnolia is best known for its huge leaves of two feet or more in length. The large white fragrant flowers (early summer) are equally impressive, up to a foot or more across once the tepals have reflexed out. This stunning landscape plant performs best in rich moist soil with some protection from strong winds. Native to sheltered woodlands in the southeastern US. While the foliage is not as impressively large as *ssp. macrophylla*, this *ssp.* flowers at a much younger age. (-15) **RSBG** \$23.00-B



\_\_\_ ***Magnolia obovata*** (syn: *M. hypoleuca*) The Japanese Big-leaf Magnolia, this is a deciduous tree up to around 80 feet in height (after many decades!). While this species does not have leaves quite as large as those of the North American *M. macrophylla*, they are still quite large and impressive. The large white fragrant flowers (late spring to early summer) are equally impressive, up to ten inches across once the tepals have reflexed out. This is a stunning plant in the landscape and is rarely offered for sale. These are seedlings from our grove of five specimens of wild origin growing near the Visitor Center in the garden which are always among the most admired plants in the garden. (-5) **RSBG** \$21.00-B



\_\_\_ ***Magnolia (Michelia) 'Inspiration'*** This is a relatively new selection resulting from the crossing of *Magnolia laevifolia* - one of the hardiest and most garden-worthy of the Chinese native evergreen magnolias formerly classified in the genus *Michelia* - with the well-





known and stunning large-flowered Himalayan species *M. doltsopa*. This has small leaves of glossy green and masses of **intensely fragrant** white flowers in mid-spring with a dense and compact but very upright growth habit. Easily grown in containers in smaller gardens. A year-round beauty, best in sun or light shade. (+5?) **RSBG** \$27.00


\_\_\_ ***Meconopsis 'Lingholm'*** This highly sought after selected perennial form of the Himalayan Blue Poppy has incredible flowers - each a stunning rich blue and up to six inches wide. A real show-stopper. The large golden hairy rosettes of foliage send up flowering stalks to over three feet from late spring to early summer. We now have hundreds of mature and established, blooming specimens of this beautiful plant growing successfully in our "Meconopsis Meadow" at the RSBG. Best in a rich soil that does not dry out. (-20) **RSBG** \$14.00-B


\_\_\_ ***Meconopsis paniculata* (ex. KCSH#0377)** A relative of the famous Himalayan Blue Poppy differing in the very tall stalk bearing numerous large yellow flowers atop evergreen rosettes of strikingly handsome, very hairy, foliage. Similar cultural requirements. From plants grown from seed collected wild in the Sino-Himalaya. A very rarely offered plant from the high alpine slopes of the Himalayas. (-20) **RSBG** \$13.00-B


\_\_\_ ***Menziesia ciliicalyx*** (now listed under *Rhododendron benhallii*)


\_\_\_ ***Microbiota decussata*** An unusual and still quite rare evergreen creeping conifer. This cypress relative from Siberia makes a fine groundcover in sun or shade. It has the general appearance of a juniper but is much finer and more delicate in appearance. Easily grown and quite hardy, looks great under large rhododendrons and trees (whereas junipers need full sun). The foliage turns muted purple in winter when grown in sun. (-25) **RSBG** \$27.00 


\_\_\_ ***Mitchella repens* H&J#22015** Our first offering (for some unknown reason) of this outstanding small-scale groundcover that is native to forests in eastern North America. This is a slow-growing plant with small rounded and glossy green leaves in pairs along the trailing stems. The leaves are often marked with white veins and are quite attractive. The flowers are small but very lovely and quite fragrant in spring. These are followed by showy red berries in the autumn and the combination of green foliage, white veins and red fruits is most attractive through the long winters of the east. One of my very favorite plants since I was a child, these are grown from our collection of seed in the southern Appalachians from a very vigorous form with stunning foliage and masses of fruit. (-20) **RSBG** \$13.00-B 

\_\_\_ ***Pachyphragma macrophylla*** Our first offering of this tough and easy woodland wildflower. This deciduous to semi-evergreen groundcover will spread slowly by seed (if more than one clone is present) to form a non-invasive and very attractive perennial groundcover. The rounded leaves are in bunches with scalloped margins and the bright white flowers appear in masses in mid-spring. One of the most asked about plants in the garden when it's in flower. Tolerant of a wide variety of conditions but especially useful for dry and shady portions of the garden such as under large conifers and maples. Native to beech forests in the Caucasus Mts. (-10) **RSBG** \$9.00-B 


\_\_\_ ***Paeonia anomala*** A herbaceous peony up to two feet in height. Purple-rose flowers in late spring. An easy, dependable, long-lived and very hardy species. Best in full sun but tolerant of light shade. The parent plants were grown from seed sent to us from the wilds of Irkutsk in the far east of Russia where it was found growing near the immensity of Lake Baikal. (-20) **RSBG** \$14.00-B 

\_\_\_ ***Paeonia mairei* (ex. SEH#058)** This is a fantastic herbaceous peony with stunning large flowers and glossy deep green foliage. The leaves rise to around one or so feet in height and have a pattern of deeply impressed veins. The flowers (mid-spring) are single with deep rose-pink petals and a bright gold boss of stamens. The individual flowers can be up to five inches across. One of the few peonies that performs best in shade (treat it like a woodland wildflower). A really, really choice species. (-15) **RSBG** \$14.00-B 


\_\_\_ ***Paxistima canbyi*** An interesting evergreen ground-covering shrublet that slowly spreads by underground runners to form a very dense mat of narrow and glossy, toothed leaves. Native to the Appalachian Mountains in the eastern US, there is only one other species in this genus – *Paxistima myrsinites* which is a large evergreen non-running shrub native to western mountains (Rockies, Cascades, etc.). Fine in light or even deep shade and somewhat tolerant of dry conditions once established. Not for full sun locations. Unlike its western relative, *P. canbyi* is quite rare in the wild. A fantastic and rarely offered plant for the woodland garden or rockery. (-15) **RSBG** \$18.00 

\_\_\_ ***Paxistima myrsinites*** Our first offering of this rarely cultivated evergreen shrub. This slow-growing, upright and bushy native features small and narrow, glossy, toothed leaves. Native to mountains in western North America. Fine in light or even deep shade and somewhat tolerant of dry conditions once established. Not for full sun locations. A fantastic and rarely offered plant for the woodland garden or rockery. (-15) **RSBG** \$37.00 



\_\_\_ ***Photinia x fraseri* "Superhedge"** The ubiquitous plant of the highway median strip, this is our first offering of ... Whoa, wait a minute. Nevermind - go to Home Depot.


\_\_\_ **X *Phylliopsis* 'Coppelia'** The man-made genus x *Phylliopsis* is a range of dwarf evergreen shrubs, hybrids between species of *Phyllodoce* and *Kalmiopsis*. These all have small, glossy dark green leaves and terminal racemes of small, more or less open, bell-shaped 


pink flowers in late spring. The selection 'Coppelia' features flowers that are more open in shape, very similar in appearance to its parent *Kalmiopsis*. This plant has won the Award of Garden Merit from the Royal Horticultural Society. (-5) **RSBG** \$23.00


\_\_\_ ***X Phylliopsis 'Pinocchio'*** The man-made genus x *Phylliopsis* is a range of dwarf evergreen shrubs, hybrids between species of *Phyllodoce* and *Kalmiopsis*. These all have small, glossy dark green leaves and terminal racemes of small, more or less open, bell-shaped pink flowers in late spring. The selection 'Pinocchio' features red-purple flowers and is the original hybrid of the grex. (-5) **RSBG** \$23.00 


\_\_\_ ***Pimelea prostrata*** A rarely cultivated dwarf creeping groundcover. This daphne relative is completely prostrate and slowly spreads to form a small-scale evergreen groundcover featuring tiny and silvery-green leaves with small and white "daphne-like" flowers nestled amongst the foliage. Very slow growing with a fine texture and perfect for creeping over rocks or in a container. Perfectly hardy in our climate and best in sun with some moisture in the summer. This choice alpine sub-shrub is native to the mountains of New Zealand. (-5) **RSBG** \$19.00-B



\_\_\_ ***Pleione formosana*** This is one of the best and easiest of a genus of beautiful dwarf terrestrial orchids that can be grown successfully outdoors in many climates (we have had a clump blooming outside for many years in the Alpine Garden here at the RSBG). Probably best in a container or on an old stump or log. Will be shipped as a blooming-size dormant bulb. (+5) **RSBG** \$12.00  




\_\_\_ ***Pleione formosana 'Polar Sun'*** As above but this selection with pure white flowers with yellow on the lip. A smaller growing bulb and plant with a bit less vigor than the type species. Will be shipped as a blooming-size dormant bulb. (+5) **RSBG** \$27.00 


\_\_\_ ***Pleione bulbocodioides 'Garratt Richardson'*** Similar to *Pleione formosana* but this has rose-lavender petals with heavy spotting of reddish-brown on the much paler and contrasting inner lip. Named for long time RSBG supporter and one of my best plant-hunting partners who is the original source of this easily grown and beautiful selection. Will be shipped as a blooming-size dormant bulb. (+5) **RSBG** \$21.00 


\_\_\_ ***Podophyllum aurantiacaule*** A newly introduced and quite stunning perennial Asian Mayapple with large and leathery, glossy green foliage. Each boldly toothed leaf is attached to its stem in the middle (like an umbrella). Unlike the more commonly grown *P. pleianthum* the hanging flowers of this species are pure white and the egg-sized fruits are bright red. Looks its best in shade with a rich moist soil for the largest and most robust foliage. A really special feature in the garden. (0) **RSBG** \$16.00-B 


\_\_\_ ***Podophyllum pleianthum*** A stunning perennial Asian Mayapple with large and leathery, glossy green foliage. Each boldly toothed leaf is attached to its stem in the middle (like an umbrella). The hanging clusters of large dark red flowers are followed by egg-sized yellow fruits. Looks its best in shade with a rich moist soil for the largest and most robust foliage. A really special feature in the garden. (0) **RSBG** \$13.00-B 


\_\_\_ ***Podophyllum pleianthum (white flowered form)*** A stunning perennial Asian Mayapple with large and leathery, glossy green foliage. Each boldly toothed leaf is attached to its stem in the middle (like an umbrella). The hanging clusters of **flowers in this rarely offered form are pure white** and are followed by egg-sized yellow fruits. Looks its best in shade with a rich moist soil for the largest and most robust foliage. Our first offering of this choice plant. (0) **RSBG** \$23.00-B  

\_\_\_ ***Polygonatum humile*** This is a very dwarf and slowly creeping Solomon's Seal. This woodland wildflower is native to eastern Asia with upright stems to six or eight inches high with alternating small rounded-elliptical leaves – extremely cute! In the spring, one or two pendant, white flushed green flowers hang from the leaf axils along the length of the stems. These are followed by blue-black berries in late summer. Easily grown in light or deep shade and very slowly spreading into dense clumps. (-25) **RSBG** \$11.00-B   


\_\_\_ ***Primula erythrocarpa* KR#11833** A new species of primrose in cultivation, this was first introduced from the eastern Himalaya in 1914 but subsequently lost to cultivation in the 1940s. A close relative of the familiar "drumstick primrose" (*P. denticulata*) with bright pink to lilac flowers in mid-spring. Should be easy and showy in moist soil in sun or light shade. Grown from seed collected in the eastern Himalaya Mountains. (-5) **RSBG** \$14.00-B 


\_\_\_ ***Primula japonica*** A fantastic primrose with whorls of bright pink to red or red-purple flowers in late spring. One of the candelabras, the flowering stems can reach almost two feet high. Very easy and showy in moist soil in sun or light shade. One of the easiest of the species primulas, this provides a bold splash of color after the rush of spring. Tolerant of soggy, even wet soils. (-10) **RSBG** \$12.00-B 



\_\_\_ ***Primula kisoana*** A creeping (but not invasive) and low-growing deciduous groundcover primrose from the montane forests of Japan. This choice species has soft and fuzzy, maple-like leaves typically topped by clusters of deep lavender flowers in spring. Very desirable and perfect under rhododendrons or in the woodland garden. (-10) **RSBG** \$13.00-B 


\_\_\_ ***Primula kisoana forma alba*** A creeping (but not invasive) and low-growing deciduous groundcover primrose from the montane forests of Japan. This choice species has soft and fuzzy, maple-like leaves topped by clusters of pure white flowers in spring. Very desirable and perfect under rhododendrons or in the woodland garden. (-10) **RSBG** \$13.00-B 



\_\_\_ ***Primula moupinensis*** SEH#086 A creeping semi-evergreen primrose that forms a solid mat of foliage under rhododendrons and other shrubs. Sends out numerous runners and quickly forms a nice-looking, low maintenance groundcover. Small pale pink flowers in early spring. Requires shade and summer irrigation in dry summer climates (similar culture to rhododendrons). My collection from 9,500 ft. in the Sino-Himalaya. (-5) RSBG \$12.00-B



\_\_\_ ***Primula pulverulenta*** A fantastic primrose with whorls of bright to deep pink flowers in early summer. One of the candelabras, the flowering stems can reach over two feet in height. Very easy and showy in moist soil in sun or light shade. One of the easiest of the species primulas, this provides a bold splash of color after the rush of spring. Perfect with blue or purple iris. Tolerant of soggy, even wet soils. (-10) RSBG \$14.00-B 


\_\_\_ ***Primula rosea*** A diminutive species from the moist slopes of the Himalaya. This perennial has a basal rosette of shiny green leaves topped in early spring with a flowering stem to around six inches high. At the top of this stem is a cluster of several deep pink primrose flowers. Best in moist soils in sun or very bright conditions. (-10) RSBG Blooming size plants for \$17.00 


\_\_\_ ***Pterostyrax psilophyllus* var. *leveillei*** (ex. CGG#14114) A fast growing but medium-sized deciduous tree with an upright and picturesque habit. The lateral branches are tiered like a Christmas tree which accentuates the beautiful hanging panicles of white flowers. To quote my plant-hunting partners at Far Reaches Farm "Our collection from Asia of what is likely the first introduction of this exceptional form of this equally exceptionally rare variety. Attractive leaves that are terminally cleft into bilateral lobes. The 12" long hanging panicles of white flowers are the finest in the genus, holding their own among the best of flowering trees. So much better than the straight species. Who's your plant daddy!!!!!" This very ornamental tree is easy in cultivation if provided with a well-drained soil in sun or partial shade. This species is the highlight of the entire 22-acre garden here at the RSBG when in full bloom in late spring. (-5?) RSBG \$19.00-B  


\_\_\_ ***Rhodoleia parvipes*** DJHV#8184 This is a rarely cultivated broadleaf evergreen tree in the Witch Hazel family (Hamamelidaceae) and has unusual but quite beautiful flowers like most members of this interesting family. The glossy evergreen leaves are rounded in shape with a glaucous white undersurface. The flowers hang from the leaf axils in the spring and appear as hanging bells of pink to red with fringed petals, quite striking and showy. Best in sun or light shade with summer irrigation and good drainage. (+5?) RSBG \$47.00 


\_\_\_ ***Ribes davidii*** SEH#109 Prostrate evergreen shrublets with deeply toothed, glossy leaves with a thick texture. This plant spreads very slowly by underground runners to form a dense small-scale groundcover (about three feet across in five years). The small green-yellow flowers in spring are followed by greenish "gooseberries" in late summer. A newly introduced ornamental shrub which has drawn rave reviews from those who have grown it. Best in light shade but sun tolerant with irrigation. Perfect with and under rhododendrons. (0) RSBG \$18.00  



\_\_\_ ***Ribes davidii*** DJHC#777 Our first offering of this clone which differs from SEH#109 in having a more coarsely toothed leaf margin and with a bit of red in the green flower. Otherwise they are very similar in habit, cultivation, etc. (0) RSBG \$12.00-B  

\_\_\_ ***Saxifraga hirsuta*** A slow-growing and very low-growing evergreen groundcover which slowly creeps along in sun or shade as long as the soil does not become too dry. The thickly textured whorled leaves are deeply toothed and quite attractive. In early summer large panicles with masses of tiny, starry white to pink flowers shoot up from the tight mat of compact foliage. Each individual flower is quite small but the overall appearance is quite striking. (-10) RSBG \$11.00 



\_\_\_ ***Shortia uniflora*** 'Grandiflora Rosea' This is a very rarely offered and choice small-scale evergreen sub-shrub. This forms a clump of glossy rounded leaves with scalloped margins. Arising from the attractive foliage in mid-spring are flower stalks rising to a few inches high. Each of these bears hanging bells of clear pink with fringed margins – absolutely stunning. Very slow-growing and difficult to propagate so rarely offered for sale – anywhere. Best in light shade in a moist but well-drained soil. This is a selected form from its native Japan with larger flowers than typical. (-10) RSBG \$44.00-B 




\_\_\_ ***Soldanella hungarica*** A very choice small-scale groundcover with tiny and round, shiny evergreen leaves and clusters of hanging light purple, fringed flowers held above the tight mass of leaves in early spring. A very slowly spreading plant that will perform best in shade with plenty of moisture through the growing season. A primrose relative from the forests and slopes of the eastern European Alps. Rarely offered for sale. (0) RSBG \$16.00-B 


\_\_\_ ***Speirantha convallarioides*** Another woodland member of the lily family, this is a Chinese species with short (to ten inches or so) but glossy and fully evergreen leaves arising from a very slowly spreading underground stem (we're talking *very* slowly). Small clusters of pure white, starry flowers in early summer atop six-inch high stems. A real collector's item for the shady garden - quite distinct and rarely offered. These are divisions from an ancient plant that I have grown for many years in my own garden, the origin of which is long lost in the haze of my fading memory. I think that I have finally reached the point where I have actually forgotten more about plants than I currently seem to know. Scary. (0) RSBG \$16.00 


\_\_\_ ***Stachyurus salicifolius*** DJHC#11002 Large and elegant evergreen shrubs with long and arching/weeping branches. The semi-glossy leaves are long and narrow (as the specific epithet implies) with a toothed margin. Long narrow racemes of greenish yellow flowers hang from the axils of the leaves in early spring. A unique and stunning plant in the landscape, and especially awesome when planted where it can  

arch out over a bank or path. Native to SW China and best in morning sun or light shade. Cutting grown from a plant grown from seed collected in the wild. (-5) **RSBG** \$21.00-B

\_\_\_ **Stewartia malacodendron** One of the only two species of *Stewartia* native to North America. The “Silky Camellia” is a rarely cultivated, multi-stemmed small deciduous tree native to shaded bluffs and ravines in the southeastern USA. Uncommon in the wild. This species has large white flowers in late spring, these offset with a boss of bluish stamens – quite stunning. Best in light shade. Rarely offered, these are grown from seed sent to us by our good friend Peter Norris. The seed was collected wild in northern Georgia. (-10) **RSBG** \$39.00  


\_\_\_ **Styrax huanus** ex. EN# Small to medium-sized deciduous trees with an upright and picturesque habit and smooth gray-brown bark. The large, rounded leaves have a few large teeth on the terminal end and a downy layer of hairs on the lower surface. This extremely rare tree (in cultivation) provides a fantastic floral display in late spring when the long pendulous terminal racemes of fragrant pure white flowers emerge from the branch tips – truly stunning. This very ornamental tree is easy in cultivation if provided with well-drained soil in sun or partial shade. Native to eastern Sichuan. (-5?) **RSBG** \$17.00-B   



\_\_\_ **Vaccinium chaetothrix** SEH#25095 This little beauty is one of my very favorite plants. This is basically a dwarf and typically creeping and prostrate form of the somewhat more familiar *V. nummularia* that we have offered many times over the years. This particular collection, however, is quite distinct from any other collection of this species in that it is quite upright in habit, albeit with the same tiny and glossy rounded leaves and hairy stems which slowly run underground to form a very slowly spreading specimen. One of my favorite container plants. Flowers similar to those of *V. nummularia* – white flushed pink and urceolate in shape. Small black “blueberries” in late summer. (+10) **RSBG** \$19.00-B 


\_\_\_ **Vaccinium delavayi** MD#097 This evergreen blueberry forms a dwarf and compact shrub with tiny (one-half inch long) rounded to obovate leaves tightly arranged on short leaf stalks along the stems. The leaves are smooth and deep glossy green and somewhat convex and the new growth is reddish. The small urn-shaped flowers are white flushed pink in short racemes at the ends of the stems followed by clusters of small purple-black blueberries in summer. Native to the Sino-Himalaya where it occurs as an epiphyte in large trees and on cliffs and rocks. A Far Reaches Farm collection from the Sino-Himalaya - this form has the smallest leaves of any I have seen. I have observed this fantastic wild blueberry many times during my travels and always marvel at its subtle beauty. One of my very favorite plants. (0) **RSBG** \$16.00-B 



\_\_\_ **Vaccinium glaucorubrum** HWJ#99515 A large growing evergreen blueberry native to the mountains of north Vietnam. Beautiful glossy and quite large leaves of blue-green. The undersides of the leaves are coated with a white wax as are the clusters of dark blue-black “blueberries”. The red flowers are also very attractive. Worth growing for foliage alone, a superb addition to gardens in mild climates or in a container. (+10) **RSBG** Large plants for \$26.00



\_\_\_ **Vaccinium kachinense** SEH#1501 An amazing evergreen blueberry from the cloud forests of the China/Myanmar frontier. This epiphytic species, like most epiphytic *Vaccinium* and *Agapetes* species, eventually forms a massive lignotuber at its base. This new introduction features glossy, long and relatively narrow leaves in whorls around the long and arching stems. The leaves have deeply impressed veins and are quite attractive. The new growth emerges a glossy reddish-purple with green veins. The hanging panicles of blueberry flowers are pinkish white and rather small individually, but the overall appearance is quite eye-catching. Best in a container in colder regions. A stunning foliage plant. (+10?) **RSBG** Only a few this year. \$34.00-B




\_\_\_ **Vaccinium nummularia** An outstanding compact and shrubby evergreen blueberry. The small and round convex leaves arranged along the golden bristly stems are a deep glossy green. In spring, small pink flowers appear in clusters, followed by small blueberries. Requires a well-drained soil and makes a great container specimen. A remarkable foliage plant, one of my all-time favorites. Great on a stump or old log. (+5) **RSBG** \$16.00-B 

\_\_\_ **Vaccinium retusum** SEH#25092 An epiphytic evergreen blueberry with small and smooth, elliptic blue-green leaves along the arching upright stems. In late spring, small racemes of pink, urn-shaped flowers are displayed. These are followed by small blueberries in late summer. I have observed this species in Sikkim growing from the crotches of large *R. arboreum* and *R. grande* trees. An outstanding dwarf evergreen shrub. Perfect on a stump or old log but quite happy in well-drained soil. May suffer some damage in very cold winters in the Puget Sound region but comes back from the base with great vigor. Our first offering in over twenty years. (+5) **RSBG** Large plants for \$29.00  

\_\_\_ **Vaccinium sikkimense** CCH#8157 This is an alpine, evergreen blueberry with beautiful glossy blue-green foliage and typical white flushed pink flowers followed by clusters of blueberries in mid-summer. A very low-growing (to three feet) and slowly-spreading shrub that should be more widely grown. Long a personal favorite, this is best in sun or light shade with summer irrigation. Occurs with alpine rhododendrons such as *forrestii* in the high mountains of the Sino-Himalaya. (0) **RSBG** \$24.00 

\_\_\_ **Vaccinium coriaceum var. stapfianum** The first introduction of this species of evergreen blueberry from the tropical alpine slopes of Mt. Kinabalu in Sabah on the island of Borneo where it grows alongside *Rhododendron ericoides*. This species features tiny and glossy evergreen foliage adorning stiff, upright branches with reddish new growth and masses of small white flowers. Best in a container in colder regions. A stunning foliage plant. (+20?) **RSBG** \$14.00-B  

\_\_\_ ***Vaccinium usneoides* SEH#25041** The first introduction of this newly described species of evergreen blueberry from the cloud forests of the China/Myanmar frontier. This epiphytic species, like most epiphytic *Vaccinium* and *Agapetes* species, eventually forms a massive lignotuber at its base. This new introduction features long pendant stems with shiny lanceolate leaves up to about 1.5 inches long, each with a long acuminate drip tip (a feature common in monsoon climates). The pink flowers are arranged in short racemes in the leaf axils. Best in a container in colder regions. A stunning foliage plant. (+10?) **RSBG** Only a few this year. \$37.00-B  

\_\_\_ ***Ypsilandra thibetica* SEH#165** This is a small herbaceous perennial forming a basal rosette of evergreen, lily-like leaves. The unusual but quite showy cream-white flowers with striking bright blue anthers appear on ten inch, upright racemes in late winter to early spring and are highly fragrant. The flowers are followed by long-lasting reddish calyces that extend the floral display for many weeks. Quite striking and with an incredible fragrance. I keep this in a container so that the plant can be brought indoors during the doldrums of winter. In this way the fragrance and delicate beauty of the flowers can be enjoyed to the fullest. Quite tolerant of normal garden conditions out of the full heat of the sun. From my own introduction of this fantastic plant. Native to SW China where it occurs on shaded, mossy cliffs. (0) **RSBG** \$14.00-B   

### Other Offers

**GIFT CERTIFICATES:** Give the gift that keeps on giving...the gift of living plants! Call the office at 253-838-4646 to purchase a gift certificate or make a notation on your order form (please have the recipients U.S. mailing address on hand).

### **RECOMMENDED RHODODENDRON BOOKS:**

- **Woodland Gardens** by Kenneth Cox –The RSBG is the only supplier of this book in North America.
- **In the Footsteps of Joseph Dalton Hooker: A Sikkim Adventure** by Seamus O'Brien – A fantastic new book full of color photos, masses of information, and interesting stories.

Please note the gift certificate amount and/or book you would like to purchase on your completed order form or call the office at 253-838-4646.